THE RALEIGH NEWS.

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CONGRESSIONAL LABORS.

SENATOR VEST BRINGS UP HIS BILL.

A Resolution Declaring Silver on Equality with Gold---Mr. Garfield Indulges in Another Talk.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—SENATE—Senator Vest's resolution declaring in favor of free coinage and remonetization of silver was taken up. During the debate Senators Kernan, Ferry and Allison protested against this method of instructing the Finance Committee. There was not time during this time to mature a measure virtually affecting the whole financial system and indirectly the industries of the country; hence silver bills had been postponed. The committee was pledged to act on them early in December. Senator Vest called attention to the fact that the resolution was solely an expression of opinion to show the country how Senators stood. After further debate Senator Vest offered a substitute as follows: Resolved, that the complete remonetization of silver and its restoration to perfect equality with gold, both as coin and bullion, are demanded alike by dictates of justice and wise statesmanship. The morning hour having expired the resolution went over. The resolution providing additional pay for Congressional employees was taken up and passed. Mr. Eaton reported from Committee on Judicial Expenses appropriation bill without amendments, and said the majority would make no attempt to shorten debate and a night session would not be forced. The Senate then proceeded to consider the bill.

Senator Conkling spoke against jury clauses and moved to strike out the second section. Rejected. Several other motions were made to strike out but all rejected and the bill was reported to the Senate from the Committee of the Whole, read three times and passed. Yeas, 29; nays, 16. House bill making appropriations for marshals' fees was read twice and referred to the Appropriations Committee. House joint resolution providing for adjournment June 30th was referred to the same committee. Senator Allison submitted a resolution that all the testimony taken by the Select Committee investigating the treasury accounts be referred to the Senate and printed. After some debate concerning the alleged irregularities and discrepancies in the Treasury, and pending action on Senator Allison's resolution, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow.

HOUSE.—The morning hour was dispensed with and the House went into Committee of the Whole on the bill appropriating $800,000 to pay fees of United States Marshals and their general deputies. General debate was limited to one hour. The debate was opened by Mr. Garfield.

He grouped together some of the leading points made during the present session on the Democratic side, particularly by Mr. McLane (Md.), and Mr. Carlisle (Ky). These propositions were that there are no national elections; that the United States have no voters; that the States exclusively have the right to control the election of members of Congress; that Senators and Representatives are State officers, agents or ambassadors; that the United States have no authority to keep peace within a State, and have no peace to keep; that the United States is not a nation but a confederacy of States, and finally that the States are sovereign. He declared their propositions constituted a body of doctrine more extreme than had ever been heard before except at the

VERY RISE OF SECESSION.

He believed that doctrine to be erroneous and vicious and proceeded to lay down and support by argument the counter proposition. At the conclusion of Mr. Garfield's speech Mr. Hurd (Ohio) took the floor and replied on behalf of the Democrats. His recapitulated points for which the Democratic party has been contending. He reviewed the debate of the past three months and declared the arguments of the Democratic side had been said that the Democratic party had backed down but it was not true; when they began to fight they did not expect to win in a day. In the XXLVth Congress they had said the army should not be used as a *posse comitatus*. In the XXLVIth Congress they had said it should not be used as a police force, and before the XXLVIIth Congress adjourned they should have taken from the statute book every law that proposed the use of this creature of theirs at the polls to intimidate American citizens in the exercise of rights. [Applause.] There had been, he said, no surrender of the great principle that Congress can withhold supplies as a means of redressing grievances, and so long as the Democratic party was in the majority in the House it never would be surrendered! The present extra session, he said, had made up the issue between the two parties, and the Democrats had declared that the army should be kept from the polls, and that the test oath should be repealed and that Federal authority should not intervene in elections in States. Upon these points the Republicans took issue and if with this issue the Republican party should be successful it would mean the end of the Republic and upliftings of an empire. Could there be any doubt of a controversy like this, and should civil liberty perish on its own threshold, at its own fireside? The past and future protested against it, and what was practically of more value, the Democratic party with its majority of half a million protested against it. (Applause).

Reagan then replied to Garfield's argument on the question of State sovereignty and the debate was continued by Messrs. Cox, Conger, McMahon and Hawley. The committee then reported the bill to the House and it was passed. Yeas, 88; nays, 69. Only one Greenbacker voted (Stevenson, Ill.) and his vote was in the affirmative. Morrison (Ill.) as a question of privilege, offered a joint resolution for the final adjournment of Congress June 30th at 4 p. m. The vote was taken and resulted, yeas, 93; nays, 73; a strict party vote except that Acklen (La.) and all the Greenbackers voted in the negative. Adjourned until to-morrow.

Bullion in the Bank of England.

LONDON, June 27.—The Times' financial article of this morning says that the total amount of bullion in the Bank of England, namely, £35,143,525 is the largest on record. At present there is no reason to think this immense sum will not be considerably exceeded.

Cotton Brokers' Circular.

LIVERPOOL, June 27.—This week's circular of the Liverpool cotton brokers' association says: Cotton was in increased demand in the early part of the week with higher prices, but since Tuesday business has been very limited and the advance has been entirely lost, while some descriptions show a decline. Inquiry for American has become small and the advance of 9 3-16 has been lost. The inquiry for Sea Island has improved, but holders have not responded freely, and prices are unchanged. Futures, at the commencement of the week, were strong and advanced an ⅛ to 5-32, but subsequently became weak and the whole improvement was lost.

Fast Mail for the South.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—The Postoffice Department proposes at an early date to extend the fast mail service in the South over two routes, one route from here to Jacksonville, Florida, by way of Charleston and Savannah, and the other from here to New Orleans by way of Richmond, Atlanta, Montgomery and Mobile. It was expected that these routes would be put in operation by the 1st of July next, but the postal cars necessary for the service, which are in course of construction, will not be finished by that date. The work will not however, be delayed much after that. The schedules, number and trips weekly, &c., have not yet been determined on.

The Romanists in the Ascendancy.

BERNE, June 27.—At the Catholic Synod of the Canton of Berne on Monday, the Roman Catholic delegates, for the first time, participated in voting. They outnumbered the old Catholics by sixty-five to thirty-five and elected office bearers and synodal council, to hold office for the next four years, entirely of the Roman party.

Boiler Explosion.

PHILADELPHIA, June 27.—A boiler exploded this morning at Wilts' plaining mills, Front and Brown streets. The engine house and a portion of the mill were blown in all directions. Several dwelling houses are in ruins. The dead body of the engineer has been taken from the ruins.

An American Ship Damaged.

LONDON, June 27.—The American bark Syra, Captain Pettingall, from Savannah, February 5th, which arrived at Montevido, April 22d, has been aground and severely damaged and was run aground again to prevent her sinking.

The Ohio Campaign.

COLUMBUS, June 27.—The Democratic State Committee has decided to formally open the campaign early in August with speeches by Messrs. Pendleton, Thurman, Ewing, Steedman and probably others.

Duty on Tobacco.

BERLIN, June 27.—A dispatch to the Pall Mall Gazette, says that the tobacco commission has decided in favor of a duty of 85 marks per hundred kilogrammes on foreign tobacco.

Death of General Anderson.

CHARLESTON, S. C., June 27.—Ex-Lieutenant General R. H. Anderson, of the Confederate army, died in Beaufort yesterday of apoplexy, aged 62.

A Curious Criminal Case.

Charlotte Democrat.

A negro named Harvey Kingsbury has been missing for some weeks in the Pineville neighborhood, this county, and two white men, Nathan and Dal. Thrower, who had the negro under arrest for some offence he had committed, were sent to jail in this city on Wednesday last by Justices Davidson and Severs, charged with murdering Kingsbury, bail being refused, although, as we are informed, there was no evidence that a murder had been committed, and not even any evidence that Kingsbury is dead. The accused say that their prisoner, Kingsbury, got loose from them and run away. Andy Bales, another white man implicated, is absent on business in South Carolina, and it is not probable that he will return unless he had a chance to give bond for his appearance at court.

The prisoners were carried before Judge Schenck at Lincolnton, on a *habeas corpus* writ.

Charlotte Observer.

The writ of habeas corpus for the release of Dal and Nathan Thower, confined in jail here to await trial on the charge of killing the negro Harvey Kingsbury, colored, was argued before Judge Schenck at chambers yesterday. Mr. George E. Wilson represented the prisoners. Only four witnesses appeared before the court, Dr. Meacham, D. H. Jennings, Miss Laura Thower, sister of the prisoners, and Mrs. Bettie Thower, sister-in-law. Their testimony was directed against that of the negro Holmes, who testified that on the night the supposed killing is alleged to have taken place, he heard a conversation in Dal Thower's farm lot between the Thowers, Dal and Nathan and Jennings, in which Dal Thower said that "he has been put where the dogs won't bark at him any more." The women testified that they were in the house with Dal Thower who was lying in bed ill from the effects of the wound which Kingsbury had inflicted, from dark till a late hour, and Dr. Meacham testified that he had remained at the house from 10 or 11 o'clock till the next morning An alibi having thus been proven, the whole testimony of the negro Holmes as to the conversation fell to the ground.

Judge Schenck recognized the writ and ordered the release of Dal Thowes, who was accordingly discharged from custody. Nathan Thower was admitted to bail in the sum of $500.

A Valuable Old Map.

St. Paul Pioneer-Press.

In response to the Pioneer-Press article, "Preserve the Old Maps," a few days since, a most valuable old map has been exhibited at the Pioneer-Press office. It is "Cary's Map of the United States," published in 1795, by Matthew Cary, of Philadelphia. It shows the territory west of the Mississippi river as Spanish territory, and nothing seems to be known about that region except that a large river—the Missouri—empties into the Mississippi on the west side. All the Western States east of the Mississippi and north of the Ohio are the "Northwest Territory," and Marietta, Gallipolis and Bellaire are the only places started in all that present seat of an extensive empire. There is only Fort Pitt at Pittsburg. There is no town in New York west of Albany, except Schenectady; no Utica, Rochester or Buffalo, and, of course, no Erie, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Toledo, Chicago or St. Louis. Red Lake is placed where Breckenridge is now, with the Mississippi river running into it from the northwest, and "head is unknown" is all that can be shown further as to its source. Thence the river runs nearly due east a hundred miles through "Lake Pippin," which has an east and west direction, and just west of which lake is shown the "Falls of St. Anthony de Padua." The great chain of lakes is pretty correctly shown, except that Superior is studded with islands as large as Connecticut and Rhode Island, and there is too much of a bulge to the southwest shore. Georgia extends from the ocean to the Mississippi river, and there are several chains of mountains laid down in the country which is now Illinois.

In the Way of a Conundrum.

Chicago Times.

If the managers couldn't pass the hat annually among the hundred thousand employees and office-holders of the United States, what would become of the Republican party

A POPULAR ACTRESS.

SHE MADE HER APPEALS ALWAYS TO MEN.

Sweet Helplessness evidently the Leading Attribute of the Modern Emotional Actress.

New York Star.

Eight or ten years ago a young woman came suddenly into public view here as an actress, and grew, in an incredibly short time, to be a great favorite. She had a bony frame, a thin and slightly-freckled face, with a pair of zinc-colored eyes and almost invisible pearl-tinted eyebrows. She was also a little round-shouldered and her voice was phthisicky. On the night of her debut she shook like a jelly, and those who were in the front seats could mark the beating of her heart by the pulsing of her flaxen and frizzled hair. Once or twice the audience thought she would faint. She seemed to have no vitality—no blood, no physical energy. But once in the play she came down to the footlights, and in a nervous murmur recited a soliloquy full of that sexual and sentient misery which the modern society play delights in. Then a strange thrill went through the assemblage. Her tones were freighted with a subtile sadness that was inarticulate, and as indescribable as the odor of jasmine; her zinc-colored eyes grew soft and wet and pitiful, and her frail body shook and bent itself into strangely-eloquent tones of tenderness. All at once this uncomely young woman melted into picture such as had not been seen before on that stage. Afterward she unloosened the flaxen ball of hair; it tumbled down in a wavy cascade half way to the floor. It was that thin, floating kind of hair that belongs to delicate organizations, and it spread round her like a yellow aureole or cloud, every fiber tremulous with some of the emotion that seemed to stream through it.

Then her audience began to think she was beautiful. They carried away a new impression. Somehow it was like a phantom impression, too impalpable to be described or even understood.

A month or two later I met the young lady in a parlor. There were present all grades of elegant women, sumptuously attired in every device that heightens the fascination of form and makes vivid the beauty of face. My freckled and phthisicky girl stood in a corner of the room in a plain cashmere dress, demure, pale, and pathetic—the picture of humility and weakness. But her flaxen hair, tumbled down in involuted luxuriance, swept round her narrow neck in wavy grace, and fell in a yellow cloud on her black dress. Placed there in the corner against the dark maroon panel of the fresco, she stood out like the Sistine madonna. Her hair was like an irradiation of light, and into this flame all the male moths of the company fell.

Demurely the damsel captured all the attention. Innocently she drew to herself and away from the real beauties all the idle adoration of the fash ionable worshippers.

I don't think one of those fellows who went mad over the girl and raved for months about her, in spite of the contempt of their sisters and wives, ever found out what it was that fascinated them.

I afterward heard that a rival actress tried to cut her hair off one night and was caught in the act.

But her hair is only one expression of character. There would have been a good deal left of the same wavy, mellow, tremulous and magnetic charm in her face, her limbs, her tone—if she had lost her hair.

It was a long time before I found out what the secret of her fascination was.

And when I found it, it was this:

The adroit management of a secret helplessness.

I found that the first impulse of a man was to praise her with a man's pity, then to defend her with a man's magnanimity. And she made her appeals always to men. Women she did not care for. She made the veriest milksop feel like a champion in her presence. She touched every man's instinct with her soft receptive meekness She was always melting and overflowing him, and he had no escape from the inundation of her hair. I never saw anybody who could do the ivy-round-the-oak business with half her tendril and clinging gentleness and softness. She was indeed a moral anaconda; before you knew it you were enfolded and your judgment crushed out of you.

And the joke of it was you liked it.

She seemed to know intuitively that all those fellows who pretend to like Amazons manage to slip away unseen and marry consumptive saints.

So she triumphed, and, what is more, she became the type of the emotional woman that the stage of to-day desires. The rugged, full-blooded Amazons of other days, whose impulses mounted into passion, and exhausted themselves in physical action, have disappeared. All women who come to the stage from society are nervous, thin-haired, anemic murmurs, who can feel acutely, but have not got the strength to manifest it vehemently. Morphine, in many cases, has taken the place of genius. Inspiration has given place to hypodermic injections. Invalidism is called magnetism. But they all lack the sagacity of the freckled nymph of the past, who made her weakness a silent boast. They all deny that they are weak at all. They do not cling. They never let their back hair down. They cannot stand in a corner and glow and draw men to them by their golden passivity. No; they must dominate and compel and defy. She represented the purely emotional woman. Our later actresses represent smartness and sensuousness.

The Cause of Thunder.

Nature.

I have lately seen it stated in a text book upon electricity and magnetism that the phenomenon of thunder is not fully accounted for by any theory as yet brought forward. Whether this be so or not I am not sufficiently acquainted with the subject to say. I believe that the commonly accepted theory is that a vacuum is created in the path of the electric spark, and that the subsequent in-rush of the air produces the detonation. If, however, it be allowed that the electric spark is not a material substance, but merely a natural force or mode of motion, the possibility of this theory is at once disposed of. It is a well known fact that the passage of electricity in a high state of tension, through a mixture of oxygen and hydrogen, not only causes an explosion, but also causes the formation of water, and it seems to me that, given the existence of free oxygen and hydrogen in the region of the electric disturbance, the phenomenon of thunder is sufficiently accounted for. Whether the normal amount of hydrogen in the air is sufficient to cause the stupendous noise of thunder I am not competent to judge, but if not, I would suggest that the presence of an abnormal amount might be accounted for by the process of the electrolysis, which would probably occur between the two poles of the thunder cloud before the tension became so great as to cause a rupture of the circuit and subsequent discharge of the electric spark. I would also draw your attention to the fact that every thunder clap is immediately followed by an increase in the quantity of water deposited in the shape of rain. Does not this point to the formation of water by the explosion of the gases? As I myself am unable, both from want of means and time, to investigate the matter, I should be glad to find that some one better qualified had taken the subject in hand. It is a frequent experiment of Dr. Tyndall's to show his audience real clouds; I feel convinced that by following this line of inquiry he could give us a real thunderstorm.

PATRIOTISM AT THE SOUTH.

A Sentiment Applauded by the Mississippi Press Convention Davis Addressed.

[From the address of Colonel Harper, orator of the day.]

Ours is a great, a noble State, and our people stand forth, wherever known, as nature's noblemen. Mississippi has been equal to every emergency in the past, and at home and abroad her sons have never failed to receive the respect and admiration of all true men. But, gentlemen, while loving Mississippi and Mississippians, we should not dwarf that feeling which we all have—that feeling which comes down to us from our sires of 1776, which causes us to love our whole country and to reverence that flag, the creation of our fathers, and which now waves in triumph throughout all lands known to civilization. We should glory in the American people, in the government of the United States and in that flag consigned to our keeping by the heroes who wrested this continent from the iron grasp of foreign kings and despots. Gentlemen, we have a country whose career stands out far in advance in the world's history. Within one hundred years it has increased its proportions from 8,000,000 to 4,600,000 square miles, its population from 4,000,000 to 48,000,000, States from 13 to 38. A hundred years ago population and civilization was exclusively between the Atlantic and the Ohio and Mississippi rivers. Now the Ohio and Mississippi are far east of the center of our organized territory. What have not the American people accomplished within a hundred years? What may they not aspire to accomplish within a hundred years to come? We had a great, a grand country. Let us love it with all devotion and consecrate our best efforts to its honor and glory; and may our devout prayer ever be, "God bless our native land!"

The Surprising Opposition to "Military Agriculture."

Charlotte Democrat.

We are a little surprised at the amount of opposition to the N. C. Agricultural Department that is being developed among the farmers of the State. Many do not believe that the Department is doing the agricultural interests any good. We differ with them to some extent, though we regret that so much time and so much money has been and is being devoted to the fish business. If the next Legislature will reform the department in some respects and abolish the fish part of the concern, it will have many more friends than it now has. If that is not done, a strong movement will be made to abolish the whole Department, including the numerous attaches and expenditures.

The Southern Ghost.

Washington Post.

The fact that the solid Democratic South will cast two hundred and seventy-six votes in the National Republican Convention of 1880, and, unless John Sherman is able to make a break in the meanwhile by judicious application of Federal patronage, will cast them for Grant, continues to cause a chill to run up and down the Radical spine. The idea of having the South nominate the candidate, leaving the North to elect him, is not at all pleasing to those numerous Republicans of the North who do not want Grant. They claim with justice that it is a preposterously unfair division.

It will require three hundred and seventy votes in the Republican convention to nominate. If Grant walks in with the South at his back, he will be in need of but ninety-four from the North. Out of the two hundred odd votes to which Illinois, Michigan, Iowa, New York, Kansas, Indiana and New Jersey are entitled there would certainly seem to be a fair chance for him to obtain them. The South thus remain smaster of the situation.

An Unique Picnic.

Norristown Herald.

A subscriber in the country writes that he attended a picnic last week which passed off in a very novel manner. The young man in the black pantaloons was there, but he didn't sit down on a custard pie; a bug lit on the back of a girl's neck, and she didn't scream loud enough to bring out the fire department in the nearest town, five miles distant; a garter snake confronted several young ladies who were eating a lunch, and no one fainted; the young man in white trousers was not asked to climb a tree and put up a swing; a cross bull did not chase a foraging party across a ten acre lot, and an angry thunderstorm didn't come up up about four o'clock and damage the enjoyment and dresses of the picnickers. We never heard of a picnic like this before. It should have been stuffed and preserved as a curiosity.

Governor Vance.

Charlotte Democrat.

We have never been one of those who puffed Governor Vance on all occasions but we think he deserves compliments for the manner in which he has managed discussions in the United States Senate. He is about the only man that has handled Blaine successfully and hacked him. In the discussion the other day about schools Mr. Vance certainly worried and beat the gentleman from Maine, Mr. Blaine.

The Radical Tendency.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

But the whole object of Republican stalwarts is to make the Government of the United States a terror for the people of the South—not to make them feel that it is their Government, their friend and servant, but that it is their cruel master, and bitter, unrelenting foe.

A Constitutional Limitation.

Nashville American.

The bill to prevent contributions by Federal officeholders has raised another of those issues which the Republicans regard as infamous. Let the Republican party console itself with the immunity guaranteed to every criminal. Congress cannot pass an *ex post facto* law.

Query.

He had an owlish look on him when he came in and asked: "Why is the Mail like a toy balloon?" "Don't know," we said, as we furtively glanced at the paste cup. Then he held his sides and shook as he answered, "because it is *read* all over."—*Goldsboro Mail.*

And the Mail only in its *eighth* volume?

NEW ENGLAND DIVORCES.

RAPID INCREASE IN THE NUMBER GRANTED.

Some Surprising Statistics of the Results of Marriage in Massachusetts and Other New England States.

New Haven Journal.

Thirty of the denizens of Cape Cod, who had been married for three weeks to three years, and who were mostly very young, recently shocked Judge Lord of Massachusetts, by appearing before him as applicants for divorce. The condition of morals on Cape Cod which these applications revealed also shocked many other people besides the judge, who expressed his mind on the subject so earnestly and pungently. If this looseness as regards marriage obligations were confined to Cape Cod, it would be a serious matter. But how much more serious is it when it is considered that about the same state of things prevails all over Massachusetts, and three, at least, of the other New England States, not to say anything about other parts of the country. An officer of the Suffolk county court in Massachusetts describes the extent to which divorce is increasing in that State as "astonishing." He says that the business which his office has lost by the bankrupt laws and the small amount of suing that is done in the State courts has been largely made up by the fees in divorce cases. They are crowding in by the scores and hundreds. The Vermont Chronicle has collected some startling facts concerning divorce in Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut and Vermont. During the last 19 years in Massachusetts the whole number of absolute divorces has been 7,223, more than half of which were

PROCURED IN THE LAST SEVEN YEARS.

In Rhode Island, for the nine years covered by the statistics available, there have been 1,670 divorces to 21,715 marriages. The ratio of divorces to marriages for the period is 1 to 13, with a slight increase in the later years. There is 1 divorce to about every 1,200 of its inhabitants. The divorces in that State vary from year to year, probably on account of changes in the laws.

In Connecticut the statistics cover nearly 39 years. In 1849 only 91 divorces were granted. Under the new law of that date, the number was increased, more than one-third in a single year. The evil grew steadily until 1864, when 426 were granted. But from that time until the close of 1877, the number, 448 annually on the average, varied but little, the ratio to marriages being about 1 to 10.4, and 1 divorce to every 1,200 inhabitants. In Connecticut there must be one divorce to every eight Protestant marriages. A comparison made from the table of the last report of the State librarian, giving the births, marriages, deaths, and divorces for 14 years, will show says the Chronicle, "unless we mistake in our calculation, that there is less variation in that State from the average annual number in the divorces than in either the births, the deaths or the marriages. If all are collected with equal care

DIVORCE IN CONNECTICUT

is more uniform, if not more certain, than death! The steady habits of that land appear in her vices as well as in her virtues." Our State, as will be seen further on, has had the most shameful record in this respect of any of the four under consideration. One divorce to every ten marriages!

Including Vermont, the ratio of divorces to marriages in the four States for the last few years is as follows: Vermont, 1 to 16, Massachusetts, 1 to 23.7; Rhode Island, 1 to 13; Connecticut, 1 to 10.4. Massachusetts began to decline last, and is better off as yet than either of the other three States; but her downward tendency is fearfully rapid. Indeed, it is scarcely paralleled by the increase of divorce in Connecticut from 1849 to 1853. Taking now, the four States together, in the year 1877 there were granted 1,331 divorces in those States. If Maine and New Hampshire have a like record of temporary marriages, not far from 1,800 divorces are granted annually in New England. The recent change for the better in the laws of Connecticut has some effect toward improvement, which, is said also to be noticeable in the Vermont courts.

New-buy-ality.

Tarboro Southerner.

With purses the antipodal of plethoric; with the thermometer ambitious to pour out the mercury over the top; with the divorce court record staring them in the face; with the number of blaze-face-on-the-top-of the head men sitting about in church, with heads resembling snathers of bluff—these facts, and more, had we space to detail them, don't seem to affect the matrimonial market. They court. We quote:

Married on Sunday, June 8, in Camden county, by Marshal Hughes, J. P., Plume Krause and Miss Cassinda Price, all of Elizabeth City.

The "price of liberty" 's—you know what;
The tale's been told more'n twice;
Let's hope less liberty the groom hasn't got,
Since tying up with Cassinda Price.

In Newbern, Wednesday evening, June 18, 1879, at the residence of R. S. Barker, by Rev. Jo m R. Brooks, Jesse C. Little, of Pamlico county, and Mrs. Sarah A. Nelson, of Craven.

If man wants little here below,
How is it with a woman?
If Little is call'd, and Jesse will go—
Mrs. Nelson being only human—
Why not let both be gratified,
Wand'ring through life's dells and nooks,
Hand in hand and side by side,
Bound fast by Reverend Brooks?

Thursday, at the residence of the bride's mother, in Northampton, by Rev. J. Q. Rhodes, Miss Annie M. Rodgers to S. B. Boone, Esq., of Jackson.

From girlhood's dawn to meridian of noon,
Miss Annie will walk by th' side of her Boone;
May grief and pain with her ne'er be lodgers,
Because of the change to Boone from Rodgers.

Married at Mr. T. T. Clifton's, in Franklin county, on 18th inst., Miss Ella T. Clifton to Mr. John R. Mitchener, by Rev. Thos. W. Smith.

We close the list with lovely Miss Ella,
Who has made happy her favorite feller,
Our congrat's to the fortunate groom—
May happiness along 's pathway boom.

Good Advice to Mr. Foster and Others.

New York Commercial Advertiser.

Charles Foster, of Ohio, tells that he has received fifty letters from prominent Democrats assuring him that they will support him in preference to Ewing. If Mr. Foster is a wise man he will not put his trust in promises of so called "prominent Democrats." "Prominent" Democrats only vote against their party when moved by a mean revenge—as in the case of Cass and Van Buren times. Never rely upon a "prominent" Democrat to vote against his party on a question of principle. Those who do will find themselves badly sold.

Advertising for a Lost Umbrella.

A man was denouncing newspaper advertising to a crowd of listeners. "Last week," said he, "I had an umbrella stolen from the vestibule of the —— church. It was a gift; and, valuing it very highly, I spent double its worth in advertising, but have not recovered it."

"How did you word your advertisement?" asked a merchant.

"Here it is," said the man, producing a slip cut from a newspaper.

The merchant took it and read: "Lost in the vestibule of the —— church, last Sabbath evening, a black silk umbrella. The gentleman who took it will be handsomely rewarded by leaving it No. —— San Fernando street."

"No," said the merchant, "I am a liberal advertiser, and have always found that it paid me well. A great deal depends upon the manner in which an advertisement is put. Let us try for your umbrella again, and if you do not acknowledge then that advertising pays, I will purchase you a new one."

The merchant then took a slip of paper from his pocket, and wrote: "If the man who was seen to take an umbrella from the vestibule of the —— church last Sabbath evening does not wish to get into trouble, and have a stain cast upon the Christian character which he values so highly, he will return it to No. —— San Fernando street. He is well known."

This duly appeared in the paper, and on the following morning the man was astonished when he opened the front door of his residence. On the porch lay at least a dozen umbrellas of all shades and sizes that had been thrown in from the sidewalk, while the front yard was literally paved with umbrellas. Many of them had notes attached to them, saying that they had been taken by mistake, and begging the loser to keep the little affair quiet.

STATE NEWS.

Anson.

Wadesboro Herald.

We understand that the proprietors of the Hamilton gold mine have discontinued work for the present.

A great time is expected at the picnic at Stanback's Ferry on the 8th of July. Everybody talks of going. The Cornet Band of this place expects to be there.

One day last week, while Dr. E. F. Asbo and family were in the front part of his house, some person entered by the back way and stole $45 in greenbacks that was left in a wardrobe. No clue to the robbery.

We learn that George Griffin, the burglar and outlaw, is prowling about Lilesville, armed and threatening. A load of buckshot in his body would be a happy thing for the community.

The sheriff of this county, T. J. Hardison, received a telegram from the sheriff of Richmond county on last Sunday morning, stating that a tall, black negro, by the name of William Maylone, had broken into a store at Rockingham, robbed the money drawer and escaped, and that he was making his way toward Wadesboro. Immediately Thomas Threadgill, assistant jailer, and others, went to the depot for the purpose of arresting said rogue (as he was expected to come up on the track). While Mr. Threadgill was walking in the woods, near the depot, he saw the black scoundrel lying down near by, and made an effort to slip up and arrest him, but the negro ran for dear life and made good his escape.

Buncombe.

Asheville Citizen.

Our friends in Marshall are making extensive preparations for the celebration to be had at that place on the Fourth of July.

We are glad to learn that the wheat crop in the Weaverville section, which is now being harvested, is thought to be quite good, fully an average. The corn crop throughout that section is also looking well.

All reports from Hendersonville indicate that the good people of that town and the surrounding country intend making the "railroad celebration" in that place on the Fourth of July a grand affair. Governor Jarvis and Lieutenant-Governor Robinson are both to be present.

Guilford

Greensboro North State.

It is announced that the meeting of Northern settlers, which was to have been held in Charlotte on the 4th of July has been postponed. Exit Dumont, and his Dutch people!

Mr. Moses H. Rankin, residing some four miles north of Greensboro, died on Monday morning last, of paralysis. Mr. Rankin was one of the best known and most respected citizens of Guilford county, aged about sixty-five years of age. He had been paralyzed the previous week.

An old copper coin, issued as one cent, by the State of New Jersey, dated 1787, was lately picked up near Jamestown, by Mr. W. J. Armfield.

One day last week, Mr. W. P. Delancey, residing some six miles north of Greensboro, climbed into a cherry tree, in the field in which he was plowing, for the purpose of getting some cherries to quench his thirst, and had the misfortune to fall from the tree. His spine was injured, he having fallen upon his head and shoulders. Shortly after he went home he complained of being chilly and grew worse until Saturday, when he died. Mr. Delancey was highly esteemed by all who knew him.

Edgecombe.

Tarboro Southerner.

Toisnot will indnge in a walking match on the 4th of July. T. A. Closs, secretary, is bossing the job. The winner gets ten dollars and the champion belt. Go as you please and no time for refreshments.

Thanks to Colonel Walter Clark, of Raleigh, for a copy of "El Triunfo" of 12th of June. It is published in Habana and a full blooded Spanish paper. We don't peruse it with the fluency of our mother tongue, but we have no doubt it is chock full of good things.

A private note to Captain W. S. Duggan from Wilson, says: Mrs. Moon is here doing good work—twenty-five have professed and the cry is still they come. Interest increasing all the time. She is talented and fully consecrated to the work of her Master. No prospect of closing."

Another Wild Suggestion.

New York Sun.

Sherman is a hard money man, and Mr. Conkling is a hard money man. Sherman believes in troops at the polls, and so does the Senator from New York. Mr. Conkling made the Electoral Commission and Sherman profited by it. Why, then, should they not now combine together as friends, instead of vainly contending as antagonists?

The Ins and the Outs.

Charlotte Democrat.

Is it not about time that there was a new distribution of some of the public offices? Who of the *outs* can get *in*? An effort will not hurt, even if not successful.

FOR THE SECOND TIME.

HENDERSON ALFORD ON TRIAL FOR HIS LIFE.

The Slayer of Deputy Sheriff Passmore on Trial for the Second Time---His Antecedents.

The majority of the readers of the NEWS have heard of this case before, and are in a measure acquainted with the circumstances of the crime for which Henderson Alford was yesterday tried for the second time. The prisoner is a large, chunky, muscular negro, with high cheek bones and rather dark complexion though not exactly black.

In September, 1876, he was arrested upon the charge of larceny and incarcerated in the county jail, there to await his trial. He was not there long. Deputy Sheriff James A. Rogers, who was then acting in the capacity of jailer, went in, as was his wont at certain times of the day, to provide the prisoners with fresh water, when Alford rushed upon him unawares and a tussle ensued, which resulted in Alford's knocking Mr. Rogers senseless with a pistol which he took with him, and then made good his escape.

A few days afterward Deputy Passmore, the deceased, heard that he was lurking near his home several miles from this city, and immediately summoned a *posse* to assist him in making the arrest. On the night of December 1, 1876, they proceeded to a place near his house and there posted themselves to watch for him. They soon heard him coming when Passmore stepped out and exclaimed, "Halt! give an account of yourself." Alford wheeled and fired, the ball passing nearly through Passmore's body, and then ran. He again made good his escape. The pistol he used was the same he took from the jailor.

He was not heard of again until June, 1878, though strenuous efforts were made for his capture. There was a reward for him and some parties learning that he was working in Granville county, left for Granville forthwith. They soon found where he was and surrounded and captured him. He was brought to this city provided with jail accommodations, where he has remained ever since.

He was tried, convicted and sentenced at the August term of Wake Criminal Court last year. His counsel took an appeal and the Supreme Court granted him a new trial. He was to have been hung the 24th of last October but for this appeal.

The case consumed the whole time of Court yesterday. The jury was composed of five white and seven colored men.

The argument of counsel on both sides is highly spoken of.

We deem it inexpedient to trouble our readers with a report of the evidence, as the above are about all the facts of the case. His Honor, after delivering his charge, gave the case to the jury at 8 o'clock. At 12 o'clock last night the jury had not agreed, and it is doubtful if a verdict will be had to-day.

Salmon Caught in the Neuse.

Nut Shell.

Sharks and porpoises, frequently, and now and then a whale have been seen in Neuse river, and now that ancient stream has yielded a salmon. Mr. Ives, employed to catch fish for Mr. A. W. Nelson, was plying his vocation at Adam's Creek, Tuesday night, when he caught a salmon measuring about three feet in length and some eight inches in width, Mr. William Cosminski, was at the fish market early yesterday morning and succeeded in purchasing the enormous fish at a low price, which verifies the old adage that "the early bird catches the worm."

Plucky Normal Schoolers.

We were told a few days ago of a young man walking nearly 150 miles in order to attend the University Normal School. We now chronicle similar instances of plucky determination to win an education.

Mr. Hamilton of Randolph has organized a club of young men who live at an expense of only $5 per month for food. They carried their own bedding and sleep in the University buildings.

Such instances of self sacrifice are very commendable. They show that the hardihood of our "Tar Heel" soldiers during the late war is reappearing.

The authorities of the University having a vacant dwelling house on hand have given that over to those ladies who wish to practice the same economy. A married couple occupy one of the rooms and they all have pleasant economical arrangements.

Departure of a Good Citizen.

A large number of his friends will be sorry to learn that Mr. J. W. Watson, the pioneer photographer of Raleigh, and one of the most popular and successful of her citizens, has gone to Eufaula, Ala., for the purpose of establishing a photographic gallery in that city. He was an accomplished artist in photography and for 20 years practiced his profession with much profit and credit to himself in Raleigh. He disposed of his splendid art gallery, together with his well established business, to Mr. Hunt a few years ago, intending to rest from his labors awhile but it was impossible for him to remain out of business, and he has been following his profession off and on in different parts of the State ever since. Should Mr. Watson make Eufaula his new home, what will be a gain to that city will be a loss to Raleigh of a public spirited and valuable citizen.

Poisonous Pork.

The frequency of poisoning occasioned by eating pork prompts the suggestion that every well-authenticated case should be submitted to the most thorough investigation. An instance has occurred which leaves no doubt as to the character of the meat partaken of. It occurred at Elizabeth, N. J., and involved several members of a family there, whose lives had been seriously jeopardized by the use of poisonous pork. As this meat is so frequently deleteriously to human life it becomes important for the superintendent of the market and sanitary inspector to submit to close inquiry all that is exposed to sale.

Supreme Court.

Court met at 10 o'clock on yesterday. Present, Chief Justice Smith, and Justices Ashe and Dillard.

The argument in Kidder *vs.* McIlhenny, began on Thursday was concluded.

The question of taxing attorney's fees in the bills of costs for last January term, was argued by George V. Strong against the tax, and by A. W. Tourgee in favor.

Court adjourned until to-day at 10 o'clock.

——Parasols of the gay Vandanna plaids are exhibited as novelties at the leading New York houses, but do not find favor with many ladies, as they are too conspicuous.

DAILY NEWS

HUSSEY & JORDAN, PROPRIETORS

JOHN B. HUSSEY, - - Editor.

SATURDAY, - - - - JUNE 28, 1879.

A MEAN PRETEXT.

Now that the mystery of the Hull murder case is cleared up, as far as Dr. Hull is concerned, by the confession of Cox, "permission has been given by "the police," so the New York papers state for the publication of the cause of what we believe one of the most infamous transactions ever known.

The police admit that even with the discovery of the jewelry at Boston, suspicion against Dr. Hull was not allayed, and as a matter of fact he was under surveillance until Saturday night. There were several strong circumstantial points against him. One was the use he made of candles in the house and the discovery of the candle drippings on the sleeve of Mrs. Hull's night-dress. Another was the missing suspenders and the report that he picked them up stealthily and concealed them. Then the way in which the sheet was tied indicated that he was capable of making the knots which secured Mrs. Hull's bonds. Then there was blood stains on the doctor's bed-clothing and marks which appeared to be drops of blood, partly erased on the shirt sleeve. A dozen witnesses were ready to swear that his relations with his wife were unfriendly, to say the least. But the point that appeared to be the strongest against him was the confession of a man without character, who with unwavering exactitude related that two days before the murder he met Dr. Hull in Reservoir Park, and that Dr. Hull offered to make it an object to him if he would put Mrs. Hull away.

This is the substance of the so-called confession. It was given with such exactitude that although when it was first made it was ridiculed, yet, when repeated over and over again, it impressed Mr. Davenport and Mr. Rollins forcibly, and it was intended to use the testimony as a clincher after all the other strong points in favor of the "inside" theory had been put in.

At this writing nothing has been stated whether any action will be taken against the man who planned to put Dr. Hull's life in jeopardy, and Superintendent Walling declined to give his name before "consulting other persons "who are interested in the case."

This is the thinnest, flimsiest piece of devilish trickery on the part of police authorities ever known. To tell the truth, we do not believe any such statement was ever made. The police were at their wits' end. They had worked on a false theory; baffled at every step they, like drowning men, clutched at the first straw. There was nothing left but to charge the husband with a crime for which they could show no motive. And after they had frittered away their time and the murderer was captured by a shrewd newspaper reporter, they, to account for their bull-headedness and to lift the blame from themselves, come out with this extraordinary story, which for palpable untruth discounts the statement of Annanias. If the police have any knowledge of the repudiated author of this statement why isn't he in custody? If such a statement was made why is it the authorities do not know what will be done with him? The public have a right to know the cause of such extraordinary conduct on the part of the officers. If a man can concoct such an infamous lie, thereby jeopardizing the lives of innocent persons, surely he ought to be brought to justice.

As we have already stated, we do not believe a word of the yarn, and think the affair should be thoroughly investigated.

NEEDLESSLY OFFENSIVE.

There has been an effort made, and a strong one, by those Republican papers of the North who really wish for a conciliatory feeling between the sections, to do something that would show the South that the Northern people were not only willing but anxious to fraternize, to make the nation as a unit in feeling and good will—to wipe out the idea of a "solid South" and a "solid North"—and in furtherance of this idea the Springfield (Mass.) Republican proposed inviting a Southern man of note to deliver the oration on the coming Fourth of July in that city. Thereupon the Radical press set up a cry of derision, "Why not invite Jefferson Da-"vis?" was asked. The sneers apparently fell harmless. A meeting was held to consider the subject; it met with approval from the people notwithstanding the howling of the press. A committee was appointed who delegated its power to one member. Correspondence ensued, and this fine specimen of a committeeman invited the very *Hon.* Daniel H. Chamberlain, ex-carpet-bagger, ex-governor of South Carolina, and ex everything else except ex-rascal. This selection has not pleased the people of Springfield very well, as they wanted a representative Southern man, and the *Hon.* Dan'l would hardly fill the bill. The Republican, in speaking of the action of the committee, says:

There has been a good deal of thinking done in this region since the announcement that ex-Governor Chamberlain of South Carolina was to give the Springfield Fourth of July oration, and the popular dissatisfaction in the selection made by three members of the committee is unmistakable and pronounced. The well-nigh universal wish for a national celebration has been misrepresented, and there is much just resentment thereat. Democrats say they could submit with good grace to the making of a good Republican of good standing the mouthpiece of the occasion, but that the importation of Mr. Chamberlain is a needlessly offensive act upon the part of the men who have assumed to speak for the city. In fact, the action taken is an unpleasant surprise to everybody, even to some unconsulted members of the committee of invitation, and special effort will be necessary to prevent its serious marring of our coming popular holiday.

We hope that the action of the committee will be reconsidered. The North will have much to learn from the utterances of some able Southern man. They will have a chance to find out that commercially the interests of New England and the Southern States are naturally blended; that if they continually war against the cotton-growing States they are but hurting themselves. Let Springfield try and get Senator Vance for its orator, and our word for it the act will not prove a source of regret to the committee.

THE aggregate steam power in use in the world is at present 3,500,000 horse power employed in stationary engines and 10,000,000 horse-power in locomotive engines. This force is maintained without the consumption of animal food, except by the miners who dig the coals, and the force maintained in their muscles is the force generated by the product of their labor about one to 1080. This steam power is equal to the working force of 25,000,000 horses, and one horse consumes three times as much food as one man. The steam power, therefore, is equivalent to the saving of food for 75,000,000 of human beings.

REPORTS from the cities of Memphis, Vicksburg, Jackson, Canton, Shreveport, and other places where yellow fever prevailed last summer, are very gratifying, and state that the health of all of them is unusually good, and there is not the slightest indication of a return of the epidemic. The strictest sanitary precautions are being taken, and every possible exertion is being made to prevent another visitation of the disease.

THE St. Louis Republican of Sunday last says: "The grand rise that will float the good ship of war Wachusetts to St. Louis is now on the way down from the headwaters of the Missouri, and will be at the jetties on time. It begins to look as if the navy would hang its recruiting shingle out under the shadow of the big bridge after all."

THE three American locomotives which were sent to Australia a short time ago have given eminent satisfaction, and orders have been received for more. They are found to be superior to English locomotives, not to require near so much fuel, and to be cheaper than British engines of similar capacity.

The Khedive's Downfall.

Springfield Republican.

The deposition of the Khedive of Egypt, now plainly close at hand, will mark the collapse of the only completed attempt by oriental rulers to apply European practices to the government of Eastern States. Other Asiatic countries are making the same experiment. Japan has so far met signal success in its attempt to pour new wine into old bottles, but the work is not yet over. The changes in a like direction in China have been less systematic, and there also the attempt has not yet reached a point where either success or failure can be predicted. The English policy in India has steadily discouraged any complete reorganization of a native state on western models. The government of the largest and most powerful of the tributary rulers, the nizam of Hyderabad, has been able to carry reforms little further than to effect changes of the native troops. In Turkey, which has been for nearly three-quarters of a century the theater of spasmodic attempts to introduce western habits, the government, the administration of the country, and the people, remain substantially oriental. The only Europeanized Turkish provinces are those in European Turkey, over which the Sultan's authority is merely nominal. There is nothing in this condition of affairs to give much encouragement to those who hope for the general reconstruction of Asiatic states in the hands of their rulers. In Egypt, where the change has been most radical, and the experiment has been carried furthest, the failure has been most crushing; and there is probably to-day no more miserable famine stricken peasantry in Asia than the fellahs of Egypt whose government has been for fourteen years modeled on advanced European theories.

The past history of Egypt for some fifty years has conspired to give every opportunity for the attempt of a strong-willed ruler to Europeanize the State administration. The ruling family of Egypt, whose downfall is now imminent, was founded by the only man of constructive ability whom the Levant has produced in the last century—Mehemet Ali. A young Albanian tobacconist, born of a warlike race in European Turkey, which has given many remarkable men to Turkish history for four centuries, he went to Egypt as a mercenary soldier and by military ability in the field, by bribery in the sultan's seraglio at Constantinople and among his pashas, by massacre, by shameless perfidy, by cruelty, rapine and treachery rarely equaled even in oriental history, he made himself pasha of Egypt and established his family strongly enough at Cairo to insure the transmission of the supreme power over Egypt to the oldest male of his family at his death. Mehemet Ali did much else. He and his son Ibraham Pasha conquered Arabia, nearly overthrew the Ottoman empire, and made the intervention of the European powers necessary for its preservation; but the only work of their hand which lasted was the erection of a single, compact, wealthy oriental state on the banks of the Nile, the pashalic of Egypt.

This pashalic became hereditary and passed from one member of the family to another, but its administration remained essentially eastern till it passed into the hands of the present ruler, Ismail Pasha twelve years ago. He set out to remodel the face of the country, borrowed money on a great scale, began vast internal improvements, organized a system of European courts, set up the simulacrum of a parliamentary government, educated his sons at Oxford, visited England in his yacht and figured the world over as an oriental prince with occidental ideas. Everything went on swimmingly till the Khedive's credit (he had meanwhile bought himself a new title with his borrowed money) ran short. The bondholders became pressing, and the Khedive sold his share in the Suez canal to England. When the money from that sale ran out his private estates were sequestrated to meet the coupons on his bonds by the court which he had set up; and at length England and France practically put the government of Egypt into the hands of a financial commission, which the Khedive, mustering his courage and the remains of his army, turned out of Egypt six weeks ago. A few months earlier, in the break-up in public opinion on the eastern question which followed the passage of the Balkans by Russia, England might have seized Egypt as the gate of her Indian empire without remonstrance. The golden opportunity was allowed to pass, and Great Britain became involved in joint action with France. As a joint occupation could not be permitted by England, matters were allowed to drag along after the expulsion of the financial commission till energetic steps by Germany in behalf of German bondholders made further measures necessary by the two powers, England and France. This has taken the shape of a demand for the deposition of the Khedive and the expulsion of his family from Egypt. As he pays his tribute promptly and furnishes a useful contingent to the sultan the sublime porte is making what diplomatic delay it can in his behalf. The future government of the country is, however, certain to pass into western hands, probably those of England by some one of the brilliant *coups* for which Lord Beaconsfield is famous.

Medical.

VEGETINE

Purifies the Blood, Renovates and Invigorates the Whole System.

ITS MEDICAL PROPERTIES ARE

Alterative, Tonic, Solvent

AND DIURETIC.

Vegetine Vegetine Vegetine

An Obstinate Criminal.

The refusal of the parricade Laprade to be guillotined recalls the man "guillotined by persuasion" of Chavette.

"'But I say, you know,' said the executioner, 'everybody is waiting. The magistrates are there, the clergy are there, the people are there, the soldiers (who are to present arms to you just as if you were the President of the Republic) are there—everybody is there. All they are waiting for is you—o on-ly you.'

"'I don't know'—replied the condemned man.

"'I am a new executioner; you're the first person I've had to guillotine; give me a good send-off now, can't you? Help me to discharge a disagreeable duty. Just put yourself in my place.'

"'You just put yourself in mine.

"'It can't be any question of expense; don't you know that everything is paid? It won't cost you a penny; the State stands treat.'

"'I haven't asked the State to stand treat to anything.'

"'Come now, old fel, let's understand each other. You mayn't think so, but this resistance doesn't proceed from your own better nature—some one put you up to it. You have formed a totally enormous idea of the affair. What, after all said and done, does it amount to? It's a nothing—a mere formality. Let us look into it in detail. You are called and wakened early and given a comfortable breakfast—order whatever you may want. Nothing so very dreadful about that, is there? Then you have your hair cut—it's healthy this hot weather, and makes you feel fresher. Then you go calmly and pleasantly out for a ride. In a carriage; understand; While you are driving along you amuse yourself chatting about this, that and the other thing with the priest, and you never feel the time pass. Well, when you get there they come out to meet you, they open the door for you, they help you out of the carriage, they do everything in their power for you. Then you go up the stairs—only a step or two, and the ascent is so easy that you'd almost think you were going down stairs. You bow to the public, and—well, before you have had time to turn round—brrrrr!—all is over. (Smiling.) And everybody goes home satisfied. That is all there is about it."

A Blind Man's Duel.

Courier-Journal.

A peculiar duel occurred in the days when the Mississippi river steamers were the scenes of constant carousals and quarrels. Captain West, one of the fiercest habitues of the steamer, one day accused a gentleman on the deck of impertinently staring at him. "I am not looking at you," calmly replied the stranger, his eyes meanwhile fixed in a stony glare upon the duelist's face. "But you are sir." "I am not." The Captain turned awry, but a short time afterward he felt those stony eyes again upon him and following all his movements. Stepping up to the stranger, he inquired with suppressed passion, "Can you fight as well as look?" "Perhaps so. I never tried it. Place me, however, in position and I will do my best." The singular conduct of the stranger had by this time attracted universal attention. In a short time the vessel rounded to a landing for wood, and the parties to the impromptu duel went ashore. The stranger was led off by a negro servant who seemingly picked his way. But the time allotted for the preliminaries was short, and the men were speedily put in position. The word was given, and two ringing reports flashed out in the air. Captain West fell pierced to the heart. The stranger stood erect, calm and dignified. His second rushed up to him. "Are you hurt, sir?" "No; how is it with my antagonist?" "Can't you see? You have killed him." "No; I am unable to see." "You can't see?" "No; I am blind!" And so he proved to be. The tragedy was a nine-days wonder, and all sorts of rumors were rife as to the identity of the fatal stranger. But who he was and whither he went was a mystery never solved.

Medical.

LIVER

This important organ weighs but about three pounds, and all the blood in a living person about three gallons) passes through it at least once every half hour, to have the bile and other impurities strained or filtered from it. Bile is the natural purgative of the bowels, and if the Liver becomes torpid it is not separated from the blood, but carried through the veins to all parts of the system, and in trying to escape through the pores of the skin, causes it to turn yellow or a dirty brown color. The stomach becomes diseased, and Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation, Headache, Biliousness, Jaundice, Chills, Malarial Fevers, Piles, Sick and Sour Stomach, and general debility follow. MERRELL'S HEPATINE, the great vegetable discovery for torpid Liver, causes the Liver to throw off from one to two ounces of bile every time the blood passes through it, as long as there is an excess of bile; and the effect of even a few doses upon yellow complexion or a brown dirty looking skin, will astonish all who try it—they being the first symptoms to disappear. The cure of all bilious diseases and Liver complaint is made certain by taking HEPATINE in accordance with directions. Headache is generally cured in twenty minutes, and no disease that arises from the Liver can exist if a fair trial is given.

HEPATINE.

SOLD AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR PILLS BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

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LUNGS

The fatality of Consumption or Throat and Lung Diseases, which sweep to the grave at least one-third of all death's victims, arises from the Opium or Morphine treatment, which simply stupefies as the work of death goes on. $10,000 will be paid if Opium or Morphine, or any preparation of Opium, Morphine or Prussic Acid, can be found in the GLOBE FLOWER COUGH SYRUP, which has cured people who are living to-day with but one remaining lung. No greater wrong can be done than to say that Consumption is incurable. GLOBE FLOWER COUGH SYRUP will cure it when all other means have failed. Also, Colds, Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all diseases of the throat and lungs. Read the testimonials of the Hon. Alexander H. Stephens, Gov. Smith and Ex-Gov. Brown of Ga., Hon. Geo. Eastaby, as well as those of other remarkable cures in our book, free to all at the drug stores, and be convinced that if you wish to be cured you can be by taking the GLOBE FLOWER COUGH SYRUP. Take no Troches or Lozenges for Sore Throat, when you can get GLOBE FLOWER SYRUP at same price. For sale by all Druggists.

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Grave mistakes are made in the treatment of all diseases that arise from poison in the blood. Not one case of Scrofula, Syphilis, White Swelling, Ulcerous Sores and Skin Disease, in a thousand, is treated without the use of Mercury in some form. Mercury rots the bones, and the diseases it produces are worse than any other kind of blood or skin disease can be. Dr. PEMBERTON'S STILLINGIA AND QUEEN'S DELIGHT is the only [illegible] that holds a hope of recovery for [illegible] Syphilis and Mercurial diseases [illegible] reasonably founded, and [illegible] Cure. $10,000 will be [illegible] the proprietors if Mercury, or any [illegible] purely vegetable and harmless [illegible] in it. Price by all Druggists. GLOBE FLOWER [illegible] and MERRELL'S HEPATINE for sale by all Druggists in 25 cent and $1 bottles.

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TUTT'S PILLS

INDORSED BY PHYSICIANS, CLERGYMEN AND LICTED EVERYWHERE.

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TUTT'S PILLS CURE SICK HEADACHE.

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TUTT'S PILLS CURE PILES.

TUTT'S PILLS CURE FEVER AND AGUE.

TUTT'S PILLS CURE BILIOUS COLIC.

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TUTT'S PILLS CURE TORPID LIVER.

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Their first apparent effect is to increase the appetite by causing the food to properly assimilate. Thus the system is nourished, and by their tonic action on the digestive organs, regular and healthy evacuations are produced.

The rapidity with which PERSONS TAKE ON FLESH while under the influence of these pills, indicates their adaptability to nourish the body, hence their efficacy in curing nervous debility, melancholy, dyspepsia, wasting of the muscles, sluggishness of the liver, chronic constipation, and imparting health & strength to the system. Sold everywhere.

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Ginning Engines a specialty. They have invented the best Spark Arrester ever known. We are agents for the best quality of all kinds of machinery. Don't forget the **"Improved End Shake Sweepstakes Thresher,** Horse-Powers and Buckeye Mowers of C. Aultman & Co., the best made. Call and see our sample machinery.

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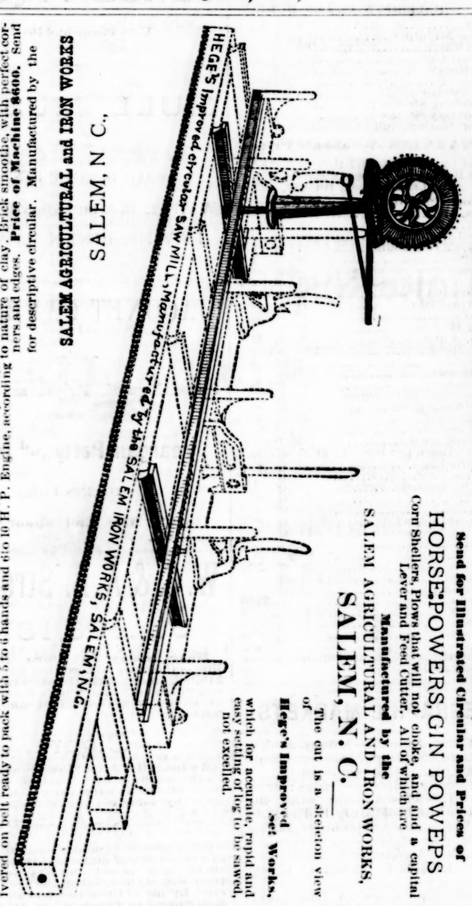
Machinery.

THE ALLEN BRICK MACHINE, CAPACITY 10,000

Pressed Brick per day. Clay taken direct from bank or pit, properly tempered, ground in Mill, moulded, pressed, repressed and delivered on belt ready to pack with 5 to 6 hands and 6 to 10 H. P. Engine, according to nature of clay. Brick smooth, with perfect corners and edges. **Price of Machine $600.** Send for descriptive circular. Manufactured by the

SALEM AGRICULTURAL and IRON WORKS

SALEM, N. C.



THE IMPROVED CIRCULAR SAW MILLS

Are simple, reliable, easily operated and warranted to Saw True and Accurate Lumber, Equal to any, Excelled by none. Five sized built, with from 20 to 50 foot carriages. Manufactured by the

SALEM AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

SALEM, N. C.

Send for Illustrated Circular and Prices of HORSE POWERS, GIN POWERS Corn Shellers, Plows that will not choke, and and a capital Lever and Feed Cutter. All of which are Manufactured by the SALEM AGRICULTURAL AND IRON WORKS, SALEM, N. C.

The cut is a skeleton view of Hege's Improved Saw Works, which for accurate, rapid and easy cutting of log to be sawed, is not excelled.

Prospectus.

THE WEEKLY SUN,

A LARGE EIGHT PAGE SHEET

—OF—

FIFTY-SIX BROAD COLUMNS,

WILL BE SENT,

Post Paid, to any Address, till Jan. 1st, 1880,

FOR HALF A DOLLAR.

june 21-1m— Address, THE SUN, New York City

Insurance.

1867. OLD AND TRIED. 1879.

Lawrence & Smith,

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENTS,

RALEIGH, North Carolina,

Represent the following first-class European and American Companies, whose reputation for fair dealing is so well known that any commendation is unnecessary:

Scottish Commercial Insurance Company, Assets (in United States)	$	676,744.00
Lancashire Insurance Company,	"	826,316.00
Western Assurance Company,	"	625,305.00
Lynchburg Fire Insurance Company,	"	595,043.20
Westchester, " " "	"	832,765.61
North British & Mercantile Ins. Company,	"	8,632,584.00
Old Hartford Insurance Company,	"	3,358,987.34

Insurance effected in any part of the State, and active and reliable agents wanted at points where our Companies are not already represented.

June 26-d3m

J. RHODES BROWN, President. LAMBERT SPENCER, Secretary. GEO. W. DILLINGHAM. Treasurer.

Georgia Home Insurance Company,

OF COLUMBUS, GEORGIA.

Twentieth Annual Statement, January 1st, 1879.

Capital Stock	$300,000.00
Total Assets	544,721.05
Losses Paid Since Organization, over	1,500,000.00

Will Issue Policies on Dwelling-Houses, Merchandise, Cotton, Machinery, and all other Insurable Property.

$10,000.00 deposited with State Treasurer for protection of North Carolina Policy Holders.

P. F. PESCUD & SON, General Agents, Raleigh, N. C.

June 17-1y—

OLD NORTH STATE

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF WARRENTON, N. C.,

Has been in Successful Operation for Seven Years.

A Thoroughly Reliable Home Company.

S. DAVIS, President. B.F. LONG, Secret,

Hardware.

SEASONABLE GOODS!

FLY FANS! FLY FANS! FLY FANS! SEND for CIRCULAR.

Fruit Jars!

PRESERVING KETTLES!

PEERLESS ICE CREAM FREEZERS

WATER COOLERS!

Fluting Machines!

WE GUARANTEE

BEST GOODS!

LOWEST PRICES!

SQUARE DEALING

Write for Prices of any Goods wanted.

Thos. H. Briggs & Sons,

Briggs Building,

June 8. RALEIGH, N. C.

New Advertisements.

SUMMER TRAVEL.

If you journey for business, health or recreation, to the Mountains, Lakes, or Shore, over land or over sea, don't fail to secure the protection of **Accident Insurance** in **The Travelers,** of Hartford. Any regular Agent will write a yearly or monthly Policy in a few minutes, or a Ticket from one to thirty days. The cost is so small that any one can afford it who travels at all—Cash paid for Accidental Injuries over **$3,000,000.**

DR. WM. ALEXANDER GREENE, MACON, GA.,

Writes: * * * I cheerfully state that I have tested the virtues and efficiency of Colden's Liebig Liquid Extract of Beef in my private practice in cases of general debility, weakness, depression, dyspepsia, loss of appetite and nervous afflictions, when medicine had proven more than useless. I have found it the best remedy I ever used in Chronic Alcoholism, when the stomach is always irritable and food required to nourish. Sold by all Leading Druggists.

AGENTS, READ THIS

We will pay Agents a Salary of $100 per month and expenses, or allow a large commission, to sell our new and wonderful inventions. We mean what we say. Sample free. Address SHAW & Co., Marshall, Mich.

SEND TO F. G. RICH & CO., Portland, Maine, for best Agency Business in the World. Expensive Outfit Free.

$77 a month and expenses guaranteed to agents. Outfit free SHAW & Co., Augusta, Maine

ADVERTISEMENT of 4 lines in serted 1 week in 350 newspapers for $10. Send 10c. for 100 page pamphlet. G. P. ROWELL & CO., N. Y.

Ju 15-d&w1w

For Sale.

Valuable Roanoke Land FOR SALE.

BY decree of the Supreme Court of North Carolina, we will sell at the courthouse door in Jackson, Northampton county, N. C.

On Tuesday, July 22, 1879,

that valuable tract of land in said county of Northampton, known as "POLENTA," containing

2,300 Acres, More or Less,

adjoining lands of Dr. Jacobs and others.

TERMS: One-third cash; balance in one and two years, with interest.

JNO. DEVEREUX, WALTER CLARK, } Comm'rs.

June6-tds

Legal Cards.

B. F. MONTAGUE

ATTONEY AT LAW,

Office over J. P. Gulley's Store,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Special attention given to Collection Claims, and Remittances promptly made.

REFERS BY PERMISSION TO—State National Bank; Raleigh National Bank; Citizens National Bank; Chief Justice W. N. H. Smith, and Judge Geo. V. Strong, Raleigh N.C. may 17—dtf—

E. P. Green,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

WARRENTON, N. C.

Practices in the courts of Warren and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme Court of the State.

Orders on collections strictly complied with, and remittances promptly made.

Refers by permission to: Warren Savings Bank, and Old North State Insurance Company, Warrenton, N. C. -dpa3

WALTER CLARK,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Practices in the State and Federal Courts. Collections made in any part of the State. Office in Bagley Building, corner Fayetteville and Martin Streets.

dec 29-1y

B. B. MASSENBURG,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

LOUISBURG, N. C.

Office in the Court House.

EDWARD T. CLARK,

Attorney and Counsellor At Law,

HALIFAX, N. C.

Confectionaries.

Oh, They are Coming!

I will have a choice lot of PINE APPLES this evening, which I will sell cheap.

BANANAS, BANANAS,

ORANGES, ORANGES,

LEMONS, LEMONS.

A Fresh Lot of

French and Plain Candies.

FRESH CAKES

Of every Description.

J. A. Bragassa,

ju 14-tf 16 Fayetteville street.

Miscellaneous.

CLARK'S TRADE MILE-END MARK SPOOL COTTON

JOHN CLARK, Jr. & CO'S **BEST SIX-CORD,** —FOR— MACHINE OR HAND USE

A FULL ASSORTMENT Of All Numbers and Colors. FOR SALE BY

Yeargan, Petty & Jones

Agents, Raleigh, N. C.

Hardware.

J. C. BREWSTER,

HEADQUARTERS FOR HARDWARE, STOVES, TINWARE, ETC.

Wagon and Buggy MATERIAL

Horse and Mule Shoes.

IRON AND STEEL.

WOODENWARE, WILLOWWARE, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, NAILS, ETC.

RALEIGH, N. C.

ARE YOU GOING TO BUILD?

WRITE AND GET OUR PRICE FOR

SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS,

And we Guarantee to Furnish you Such Goods

VERY MUCH CHEAPER than you can buy them elsewhere.

Thoroughly Seasoned! No Shrinking!

SOLE AGENTS FOR ALL RIGHT Cook Stoves.

Perhaps You Are Going to Paint!

OUR STOCK OF

Leads, Colors, Oils and Window Glass

IS MUCH THE LARGEST IN THE STATE.

Hardware of Every Description.

FOR PRATT'S SOLE AGENTS Astral Oil.

Write for Prices

JULIUS LEWIS & CO.,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Miscellaneous.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER AND SPECIAL FLAVORING EXTRACTS.

Eminent Chemists and Physicians certify that these goods are free from adulteration, richer, more effective, produce better results than any others, and that they use them in their own families

DR. PRICE'S UNIQUE PERFUMES are the Gems of All Odors. TOOTHENE. An agreeable, healthful Liquid Dentifrice. LEMON SUGAR. A Substitute for Lemons. EXTRACT JAMAICA GINGER. From Pure Root.

STEELE & PRICE'S LUPULIN YEAST GEMS. *The Best Dry Hop Yeast in the World.*

STEELE & PRICE, Manfrs., Chicago, St. Louis, and Cincinnati

DRESS GOODS, SILKS, SHAWLS, LINENS, COTTONS, UPHOLSTERY, TRIMMINGS, FLANNELS, GLOVES, HOSIERY, Girls' and Boys' Suits, Ladies' Underwear, Infants Outfits, DRESS MAKING, WRAPS, COSTUMES, RIBBONS, NECKTIES, RUCHINGS, HANDKERCHIEFS, WHITE GOODS, BUTTONS, HAMBURGS, SKIRT BRAID, SEWING SILK, PINS, FRINGES, NEEDLES, FANCY GOODS, &c.

DRY GOODS BY MAIL.

Send for Samples or information, and satisfy yourself how cheaply and quickly you can get everything in

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS

of us by Mail or Express. We carry an average stock of about $400,000, all bought for prompt cash. Try us. *Have the Children send for a set of our Advertising Cards.*

COOPER & CONARD, Importers and Retailers, PHILADELPHIA, PA. Established 1852.

FURNITURE.

W. M. HABLSTON & CO.,

(Branch of Habliston & Bro., Richmond.)

NO. 4 IRON FRONT, SYCAMORE ST., PETERSBURG, VIRGINIA.

An entirely new and varied stock of Furniture of the latest designs, Chamber Sets, Parlor Sets, Wardrobes, Sideboards, Tables, Safes, Book Cases, Lounges, Bedsteads, Chairs, Hat Racks, Bureaus, Mattresses, &c. Having purchased our entire stock for Cash, we are able to offer greater inducements than any house in this section, and guarantee to sell as cheap as the goods can be bought in New York or Cincinnati. Our house is the largest in the South, and we therefore can give the largest assortment to select from, and offer superior inducements in freights.

ALWAYS ASK FOR ESTERBROOK'S STEEL PENS

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS

NEW-YORK OFFICE, 26 JOHN ST. WORKS, CAMDEN, N. J.

SAMPLES AND PRICES ON APPLICATION.

Tobacco.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY W. T. BLACKWELL & Co. DURHAM, N.C.

FOR PLEASURE, COMFORT, HEALTH SMOKE THE OLD ORIGINAL BRAND OF DURHAM TOBACCO BLACKWELL'S GENUINE DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO SEE THAT IT BEARS THE TRADE MARK OF THE BULL TAKE NO OTHER. POPULAR BECAUSE RELIABLE

F. GRUENDLER,

MANUFACTURER OF

FINE CIGARS,

AND DEALER IN

SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCOS

Pipes, and Smokers' Articles in General.

The Door above the Yarboro House.

P. O. Box 250, RALEIGH, N. C.

Letters from abroad solicited and promptly a

Hotels and Springs.

THE NATIONAL HOTEL,

STATE HOUSE SQUARE,

RALEIGH, N. C.

—o—

STREET & SON,

Owners and Proprietors.

—o—

Renewed and Re-established.

—o—

Superior and Special Accommodations For All Classes of Travel.

may 19—tf—

ST. JAMES HOTEL,

Opposite Capitol Square,

CORNER TWELFTH AND BANK STS.,

RICHMOND, VA.

Terms Per Day $2

This House is most centrally located, being within three squares of either of the Depots, Tobacco Exchange or Warehouses. First-class Table and Rooms.

A. B. MOORE, Proprietor, Formerly of St. Charles Hotel.

may 16-dtf

The Macon House

—AT—

MOREHEAD CITY,

will be opened on the 15th of June, under entirely new management and ownership. Persons seeking

HEALTH OR PLEASURE

will find this an agreeable and healthy resort, with REASONABLE TERMS.

The proprietor promises to spare no pains in making pleasant the stay of those who favor him with their patronage.

Connected with the House are GOOD BOATS and reliable and experienced Boatmen.

New and convenient Bath Houses, and polite and attentive servants.

JOS. B. DAVIS,

may 30-1m—

Sparkling Catawba Springs,

CATAWBA CO., N. C.

This desirable watering place will be open for select visitors 30th May, 1879. The Springs are situated near Hickory Station, on the Western North Carolina Railroad.

The bracing mountain atmosphere, with the health restoring properties of their waters, renders these Springs a most desirable resort for invalids and pleasure seekers.

The mineral waters embrace Blue and White Sulphur and Chalybeate. It is the best and most extensively fitted up watering place in the State, and can accommodate three hundred persons.

A good Band of Music will remain at the Springs during the season, and all the facilities afforded for amusements usually found at first-class watering places will be offered to visitors. A good supply of ice constantly on hand.

Conveyances will meet the trains daily at Hickory Station, to convey visitors to the Springs.

BOARD—$2 per day; $30 per month. Reduced rates for families. Invalids can have the advantage of four different mineral waters, warm and cold baths, Turkish, hot-air, vapor and medicated baths if desired.

DR. E. O. ELLIOTT, Owner and Proprietor.

june 5-dtf—

WARM SPRINGS!

Western North Carolina.

Health and Pleasure Resort.

Hot and cold water, unsurpassed mountain climate, unequalled scenery, and magnificent **Hotel accommodations** for eight hundred guests. Hot baths in conjunction with climatic influence, almost specific for rheumatism, neuralgia, nervous and constitutional diseases, diseases of the skin, kidneys and bladder, and malarial disorders. Send for descriptive circulars.

DR. WM. H. HOWERTON, Propr.

June 3-d1m—

For The Sea Shore!

ATLANTIC HOTEL,

BEAUFORT, N. C.

NEW MANAGEMENT.

Open the 1st of June under the management of the undersigned. A first class seaside resort and the most pleasantly situated house on the Atlantic coast. The tide ebbs and flows daily beneath the building, and it is free from dust, flies and mosquitoes. The bath room is the most spacious and airy in the State. A good band of music has been engaged for the season. Surf bathing unsurpassed, with suitable dressing houses on the beach. Bath houses also within fifty yards of the house for still water bathing. Large and airy rooms also in the building occupied by the Proprietor the past two seasons, which can be had by those who prefer rooms on the mainland.

BAR, BILLIARDS AND TEN-PINS.

TERMS—$2.50 per day; $12.00 per week. Special rates made with Excursionists and for parties for more than one week.

B. L. PERRY, Proprietor.

my25-2m

THE HYGEIA HOTEL

OLD POINT COMFORT, VA.,

Situated 100 yards from Fort Monroe. Open all the year. Equal to any hotel in the United States as a Spring, Summer and Autumn Resort. Send for circular.

ju 24 d2m HARRISON PHOEBUS.

Tobacco.

MANUFACTURED BY E. H. POGUE. DURHAM, N.C.

J. J. THOMAS, Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

June7-1y

Fish.

Important to Fish Buyers.

THE fishermen and those directly interested in the fisheries of Carteret county, having organized a "Fishermen's Union," are now prepared to furnish fresh and salt fish to dealers at fair prices, and from first hands. Parties desiring to purchase will do well to send in their orders, and get fish from those who catch and put them up. Every package guaranteed to be as represented.

Address all orders to the FISHERMEN'S UNION, Beaufort, N. C.

DAILY NEWS

SATURDAY, - - - - JUNE 28, 1879.

Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, June 27.

For the South Atlantic States, stationary pressure and temperature, easterly winds, clear or partly cloudy werther.

Thermometrical Table.

The thermometer, at L. Branson's bookstore, ranged as follows yesterday:

9 A. M.	80
12 "	83
3 P. M.	87
6 "	83

Index to New Advertisements.

R. B. ANDREWS.—Local notice.
MOSELEY.—Soda water and ice cream.
W. C. & A. B. STRONACH.—Groceries.
YEARGAN, PETTY & JONES.—Dress goods.
MISSES NASH & KOLLOCK.—Select Day and Boarding School.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

——Revenue receipts yesterday $12,020.

——Old bonds to the amount of $31,000 were exchanged at the Treasurer's office yesterday.

——There was no Northern mail received at the post office last evening, owing to failure of connection at Weldon.

Black and white dresses have suddenly become the fashion for evening dresses, while the gayest colors are seen in the street.

——Yeargan, Petty & Jones have opened a new invoice of summer goods to which they would invite the attention of the ladies.

——The Queen Anne sacque is a favorite novelty with ladies of artistic tastes who delight in bric-a-brac, Queen Anne furniture, etc.

——Drummers' licenses were issued to Allen Paine, Son & Company, Baltimore, and Louis H. Blair & Company, Richmond, yesterday.

——The NEWS learns that at a meeting of the stockholders of the A. & N. C. R. R., held at Morehead City yesterday, John D. Whitford was elected president and F. C. Roberts, treasurer.

——Dry times at the Mayor's office. The weather is so hot that no one seems ambitious enough to kick up a muss, therefore His Honor and the clerk are lamenting over the lack of fees to enable them to go fishing. They have the reporter's sympathies.

I. O. O. G.

At a regular session of Seaton Gales Lodge No. 64, I. O. O. F., held on the 26th instant, the following officers were duly elected second term, ending ing December 31, 1879: J. M. Broughton, Noble Grand; W. H. Cole, Vice Grand; Philip Thiem, P. G., Recording Secretary; W. T. Utley, P. G., Financial Secretary; Joseph G. Brown, Treasurer. Installation will take place Thursday next, July 3d.

"Yes, I Know it is So."

A Sunday-school is almost a failure without good singing. To obtain good singing every member of the school must add a voice in the songs. To induce every one to assist in singing, all the words and music must be *fresh, lively* and *sparkling*. One of the quickest and best ways to accomplish these ends is to supply your Sunday-School with the popular song book, "Crown of Life." $3.60 per dozen. Sold by Alfred Williams & Co., Raleigh.

Death of George Bishop!

This community was shocked at the sad announcement of the sudden death of Mr. George Bishop yesterday about noon. He was an estimable young man and had a large circle of friends and acquaintances in this city. It was not known that he had a single enemy. He was universally admired and loved by all who knew him. Coming to the city a stranger in October, 1875, he entered the drug store of Mr. William Simpson as prescription clerk. He was devoted to his profession and to the interest of his employer, who was greatly attached to him and placed every confidence in him, often entrusting his entire business to his care. By unremitting attention and a constant desire to learn, Mr. Bishop soon acquired a high reputation as a chemist. He was not excelled in this city. What popularity he had acquired was due entirely to merit. His antecedents were never inquired into.

It seems that he had been in declining health for some time past, and it was deemed necessary to have a surgical operation performed as a last resort. This was done Thursday at 12 m., and promised to be most successful, the doctor congratulating him upon his fine prospects for speedy recovery. It was therefore a great shock to his many friends when his death was announced at 1:30 p. m. yesterday, just twenty-four hours after this operation. His father, a prominent merchant of New Berne, arrived here last night, and leaves with the remains this morning, accompanied by Messrs. Leo. D. Heartt and W. A. Lodge, who go as far as Goldsboro, there to be met by an escort from the New Berne Lodge of Knights of Pythias, of which order he was an honored member. The New Berne lodge will take charge of the funeral ceremonies.

We learn from his physician that his death was caused from uræmic poisoning and not a result of the operation.

Pinafore Last Night.

If possible a larger audience filled Tucker Hall last night than was present on occasion of the first presentment of the Pinafore by the same select company of amateur artists. The previous entertainment was so much appreciated and compliments were so profuse that it was difficult to meet public expectation, and yet where there was so much genuine talent it would have been natural to suppose that there would be improvement; but the acting and singing was so far superior to the former that it was a subject of general remark. There was not that stiffness, or "hesitating hearts" and blunders of breaks of any kind incidental to a first effort. The performance throughout was characterized by the grace, feeling and fluency with which the different parts were acted. Each scene was followed by rapturous applause and the audience seemed as much a part of the play as did the actors.

The leading characters were unexceptionally good, no mistakes of any kind, at least, "h-a-r-d-l-y any," and the conception and rendition of each part was fully equal to any of the professionals in this particular *role*. Those who have seen the thing North and saw it last night pronounce the acting and singing much better here.

"Josephine" was even more lovely than before; her costume, a rich blue silk adorned with point lace, was most becoming her complexion and from beginning to end, it was a question, whether the "British Tar" or the "Raleigh audience" was the most infatuated. Her singing sympathetic, sweet; her acting, graceful and effective, and general appearance bewitchingly jaunty.

"Little Butter-cup" acted and sang so well that Captain Corcoran wanted to sing with her all day, but whether it was because "it was shady" or "the mystic lady" was the object of his chief aim was not fully developed until the closing scenes when he made up his mind to "ma ry him a wife" and in a dramatic style that moved him a niche higher on the pinnacle of fame, he took "Little Butter-cup" under his wing for that laudable purpose.

"Cousin Hebe" was so sprightly, her manner so winning, and her acting and singing so vivacious that the "old man" had to "cave," and he succumbed in a most affecting manner to the charms of his fairy-like cousin.

And "Sir Joseph," Mr. G. M. Smedes —well, he carried everything before him, *i. e.*, the audience, of course. He has much improved in the rendition of this character, and it was thought that improvement was impossible. Mr. Smedes is therefore "a big bonanza" suddenly brought to life in this community. His histrionic talent is wonderful for one who has never appeared on the stage before. He stands equal to any Sir Joseph in the country, so those who have seen say.

"Captain Corcoran," so faithfully represented by Major E. J. Hardin, was the leading song character among the gentlemen, and was performed by a splendid actor, who possesses a grand basso voice, second to none in the country. His solo was particularly well rendered, and was one of the gems of the evening:

"Dick Dead Eye" was again impersonated by Mr. W. M. Busbee, who is endowed with a rare basso voice, and is one of the most intelligent and effective actors that our Raleigh people have ever seen. His conception was very fine and faithfully portrayed in his excellent acting.

Mr. Newcomb, a leading tenor among the gentlemen, sang the "British Tar," a duet, with "Dead Eye," and his voice was complimented highly by the audience.

The little sisters were represented by Misses Patty and Fanny Smith, two little beauties that attracted much attention from the audience.

And last though not least comes the excellent accompanist, Prof. Pauli, who presided at the piano and executed his part so well that to make a mistake on the part of the actors was impossible.

The piano used on the occasion was kindly furnished by Captain C. B. Denson, Secretary of the State Agricultural Society, to whom it belongs.

This closes two of the finest performances ever given in this city, each of which were attended with unprecedented success.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

YARBOROUGH HOUSE—Dr. G. W. Blacknall, Proprietor.

J B Tucker, Blair Burwell, Louisburg; W P Linton, Baltimore; S D Armo, Hillsboro, J D Williams, Jr., Miss J R Williams, Miss R S Murchison, Fayetteville; R L Bobbitt, W A Bobbitt, Jr., Miss L Bobbitt, Franklinton; Miss Maggie Hardy, W L DeRosset, W J Exum, N C; J W Hardy, La.; Miss Mary Green, New Berne; M Jordan, Charlotte; Haywood Griffin, Wake; A L Parker, Wilson's Mills; E A Crudup, Franklin; R Bingham, Mebanesville; P R Davis, Warren.

NATIONAL HOTEL—S R Street & Son, Proprietors.

James M Archer, N C; D M King, R & A R R; Dr T B Robertson, Neuse; W H Harding, Laurinburg; J R Page, H P Guess, Cary, W A Hauser, Southern Express Company; W F Drummond, S & R R R.

An Acknowledged Fact.

The best fitting shirts in the city are sold by the old reliable firm of R. B. Andrews & Co., which they are selling now at prices within the reach of all.

Since the three wise men of Gotham performed their perilous feat, as recorded in tradition, New York has been foremost in progress and ambition. What nobler example, of the palatial modern hostelry, for example, could there be than the "St. Nicholas" hotel? Centrally located for pleasure and business, with apartments, both single and in suites, of a style to suit the most luxurious and a table of unsurpassed excellence, the traveler nowhere can find more delightful accommodations. The present administration of the hotel is fully equal, if not superior, to anything in the past.

Very Cheap.

A good white vest for 75 cents at
R. B. ANDREWS & Co.,
Clothiers and Hatters.

A Falsehood.

Some unprincipled person or persons report that we are going out of the shoe and change into the house furnishing business, as per our five cent counter. Now Mr. NEWS, "if it is parliamentary" we would denounce them as blackguards and liars, as we can prove by orders now in hands of the leading manufacturers that they are much larger for the approaching season than ever before, and on examination of our stock on hand can be found the largest variety of all kinds of boots and shoes, Slippers, Trunks, Satchels, Shawlstraps, etc. Such as ladies' Slippers from 40 cents up to the finest ladies' Gaiters at 90 cents, Ladies' Newports from 90 cents to the best made. Button Gaiters at $1.50. Gents' low ties from $1.25 up. Infants' Sandals and fancy shoes from 20 cents up, full line of Virginia Penitentiary sewed shoes (best plow shoe made) from $1.65 up. The best quality Gents' Sole Leather Trunks, Russia Satchels and Ladies' Saratoga Trunks manufactured in this county, all at the very lowest prices.

HELLER BROS.
31 Fayetteville Street.

P. S.—In compliance to request of the ladies we received another large lot of new goods on our five cent counter.

For Sale.

Valuable city property, one square South of post office. Vacant lot on Fayetteville street near Observer office. Two houses and lots on Wilmington street, will be sold separately or all together. Appiy to N. Plumadore.

Black Pease.

Another consignment of prime black pease, and a few clay and speckled pease for sale very low by Jones, Green & Powell. Five thousand bushels prime white and mixed corn, bought before the advance and for sale accordingly low by Jones, Green & Powell.

New Jersey Premium Wine.

Physicians state that the Port Wines that took the premium at the Centennial, produced and offered for sale by Mr. Alfred Speer, of New Jersey, are wines that can be safely used for medicinal purposes, being pure and free from medication, and are more reliable than other Port Wines. For sale by William Simpson, druggist, Raleigh, N. C.

Reason to Rejoice.

Surrounded as we are by adulterators of food it ought to produce at least a refreshing sensation to be told of a real, genuine article. Such a gratification may be had by using a box of Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder; the biscuits and articles made with it are really elegant.

Billiard Table For Sale.

A good second hand billiard table complete, will be sold cheap. For particulars address, M. Bill, City Bottling Works, Raleigh, N. C.

The present age is very fastidious and exacting in its demand on hotels. Among these the New York houses of public entertainment stand unrivaled, and the "St. Nicholas" is pronounced by its patrons to be chief of the latter in excellence. *Cuisiniere*, furnishing devotion to the interest of the guest, are all beyond cavil. The "St. Nicholas" proudly maintains the traditions of a quarter of a century in its adaptation to the most cultivated and refined wants of the traveling public.

Our Australian Trade.

Since the establishment of the Pacific line of steamers, the trade between the United States and Australia has increased wonderfully, and Hall's Balsam, for coughs, colds and all lung diseases, is now a regular article of export to that country, and one of their staple medicines.

Hardware.

Tinware, stoves, pocket and table cutlery, iron, steel, nails, wagon and buggy material, paints, oils, glass, putty, paint and white wash brushes and everything usually kept in a first class Hardware House can be found at

J. C. BREWSTER'S,
Holleman Building,
Raleigh.

Right Time to Operate in Stock.

By recent communication with prominent stock operators, we learn that now is a favorable time to take advantage of the stock market, by the new combination method of Messrs. Lawrence & Co., the New York bankers, who have been so remarkably successful heretofore. This system is founded on correct rules of finance and is universally approved by the shrewdest operators. The orders of thousands of customers are massed into one immense capital, and operated as a great whole, dividing profits *pro rata* every month. In this way any customer can invest from $10 to $10,000 with equal proportionate success, and at the same time gain all the advantages of largest capital and best skill in manipulating the market. This firm's new circular has "two unerring rules for success" and full explanations. $10 will make $250, or 5 per cent.; $500 will return $3,000, and so on, according to the market. Stocks and bonds wanted. Deposits received. Apply to Lawrence & Co. Bankers, 57 Exchange Place, New Yok, City.

Electric Belts.

A sure cure for nervous debility, premature decay, exhaustion, etc. The only reliable cure. Circulars mailed free. Address J. K. Reeves, 43 Chatham St., N. Y.
DlmW2m.

As a Diuretic.

In all diseases of the kidneys the best known remedy is the regular use of the famous Buffalo Lithia water from spring number 2. It acts promptly and effectually, does not differ in taste from other waters and to those who suffer from Kidney complaints it is an indispensable necessity. For sale by all first class druggist.

Prime Timothy Hay,
Marshall's Liverpool Salt.

Clear Rib Bulk Meat,
Egerton's Scotch Snuff.

For sale at wholesale by
W. H. DODD.

Received To-Day.

50 dozen telephone shirts, 65c.
1,000 pairs shoes from 75c a pair up.
500 parasols from 15c up.
1,000 yards paintcloth from 10c a yd. up.
500 dozen handkerchiefs at 5c each.
100 shirts at 25c each.
200 pairs drawers at 30c each.
at Woolicott's Open Front Store,
Wilmington street.

Ale, Porter and Mineral Waters.

My facilities for the delivery of the above in bottles or kegs, are superior to any in the State. Prices as low as the lowest. Country orders solicited.
M. BILLS, Raleigh, N. C.
City Bottling Works.

For Sale

Two hundred and fifty pounds of live geese feathers. They are nice and will be sold low. Apply to Latta & Myatt, Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants.

Haunted Me.

Debt, poverty and suffering haunted me for years, caused by a sick family and large bills for doctoring, which did no good. I was completely discouraged, until one year ago, by the advice of my pastor, I procured Hop Bitters and commenced their use, and in one month we were all well, and none of us have been sick a day since; and I want to say to all poor men, you can keep your families well a year with Hop Bitters for less than one doctor's visit will cost.—A Workingman.

Would an Irredeemable Currency be as good as gold? While there is a very large class of intelligent citizens who believe it would, we regard it our duty to all alike to say that as a cure for old sores, cuts, bruises, jams and slashes, there is nothing like Carbolic Salve. Beware of counterfeits.

Boarding House.

Mrs. Osborn has opened a boarding house on the corner of North Hargett and McDowell street. Board by the day, week, or month.

Another Savings Bank gone up. This has been said so often of late, that people are beginning to look for safe investments for their surplus cash. Any man who has 25 cents to invest cannot do better than buy a box of Mott's Liver Pills, for they never fail—Always keep them in the house.

Blake's Ice.

Nothing is more grateful to the parched tongue or over-heated body than a drink of cold ice water, or iced tea. Blake's is the place to try it. Leave your orders early.

Prejudice Kills.

"Eleven years our daughter suffered on a bed of misery under the care of several of the best (and some of the worst) physicians, who gave her disease various names but no relief, and now she is restored to us in good health by as simple a remedy as Hop Bitters, that we had poohed at for two years, before using it. We earnestly hope and pray that no one else will let their sick suffer as we did, on account of prejudice against so good a medicine as Hop Bitters."—The Parents.

Unheard of Bargains!

Who tries his best to please his friends
And in his labors never ends,
Bargains he'll give you when you call
For No. 10 is all and all.
Of other houses you hear them talk;
In Fayetteville street just take a walk
And only ask for No. 10,
Kept by the most ingenious of men,
And when his friends by chance drop in
Then forth he comes, Lord what a grin,
And to their wondering eyes displays
Such heaps of brackets and window shades,
His pictures are exposed to public view
And a variety of cord to suspend them too,
His looking glasses and toilet cases
Will help adorn your forms and faces;
Picture frames and mouldings too
In great variety, black, brown and blue.
His window cornices and lambrequins fine,
Will make your rooms and parlor shine.
Perforated mottoes, and white holly baskets,
And every other sort of stuff,
Of which he hopes to have enough.
So now he bids you all adieu
And wishes a happy new year too,
And not forget

C. C. CLAWSON,
No. 10 Fayetteville St.

Ocean View Hotel, Osborn & Pool Proprietor, Beaufort, N. C.

This house is now open for the reception of summer visitors. A good bar, bathing houses, etc., are attached to the house. Sailing boats in attendance for the accomodation of guests. A steamer will also land passengers at the hotel wharf, and take excursion parties to any point on the harbor. The table will be supplied with the best the market and water afford. Terms of board $1.50 per day, $10 per week; $30 per month. We will not "blow our own horn;" but will be pleased to have others do so for us. Goldsboro Mail, Messenger, Winston journals, Tarboro Southerner and Durham Plant copy, one month.

Attention Ladies.

We call the attention of the ladies to our beautiful new styles of visiting cards. Entirely new and very elegant. Samples sent through the postoffice on application.

For Rent.

A dwelling house in the city of Raleigh. Seven rooms, in good repair with necessary out houses. For particulars apply to W. H. Pace, Attorney at Law.

It is to your Interest to Know

that Payne Bros. are now making the best bricks on this market and selling them lower than the lowest. They can afford it as they give the business their undivided attention and being practical men know how to make them by economy and of best quality.

They use the well known and long tried "Crab Tree Clay" which is unsurpassed in the State of North Carolina. We guarantee our brick and work to give perfect satisfaction. For further information call on Wayne Allcott, Agent, corner Will. and Davie St's., or address,
PAYNE BROS.,
P. O. Box 75, Raleigh N. C.,

Prescription Free

For the speedy cure of seminal weakness, loss of manhood, and all disorders brought on by indiscretion or excess. Any druggist has the ingredients. Addre s Davidson & Co., 78 Nassau street, New York.

Gun and Locksmiths.

Brockwell & King, near the rear of the U. S. Court House, on Salisbury street, are prepared to repair in first-class style, Breech-loading and Muzzle-loading Shot Guns and fire arms of every description. They also repair Door Locks, Trunk Locks, and locks of all patterns, Umbrellas, Parasols, Fluting machines, and everything in the line of small hardware, either brass, steel or iron. Sign and Bell hanging a specialty. Orders from a distance will receive special attention. Keys fitted at residences on short notice. All work warranted.

Marble and Granite Monuments and Tombs.

The finest work in the South. Work set up in cemeteries cheaper than will be loaded on cars North, thereby saving double first-class freight, risk of breakage, &c. All kinds of cement for sale. Wolfe's stone burial cases to be seen at Henry Brown's and marble yard, corner Morgan and Blount streets, Raleigh, N. C.
CAYTON & WOLFE.

C. Weikel & Co.

In order to be abreast with the times in every respect, this enterprising firm are receiving daily samples of all the most fashionable and seasonable goods now in the market. Select your samples and they will send for the goods and make them up in a style that, for elegance and finish cannot be surpassed. Their charges will be moderate and suitable to the times. All goods now on hand will be sold at very reduced prices for cash only. Call and examine their stock. You needn't buy unless tou like.

BOVINE, MISSISSIPPI, April 22, 1879. —The following correspondence will explain itself: A. WADDILL, ESQ., LYNCHBURG, VA.—Dear Sir: Observing a certificate from you in reference to the "Iron and Alum Mass," of the Seven Springs, in Washington county, Va., in relation to its efficacy for Liver Diseases, would you have the kindness to inform me whether you used the "Mass" or the "Water;" also, a description of the symptoms and such other information as you may deem pertinent. I am a long-time sufferer with Liver Complaint, and naturally feel very anxious on the subject of a remedy that will afford me even temporary relief. Your early reply will greatly oblige, very respectfully,
WILLIAM BARR.

LYNCHBURG, VA., May 12, 1879.—WM. BARR, Esq., Bovine, Mississippi—Dear Sir: Your inquiry in regard to the "Liver case" which was effectually cured in my family from using the "Seven Springs Mass," is before me. The case referred to in my certificate was that of my wife's sister, who is now in her 80th year, and has been a member of my family for the last 27 years. She had been afflicted with Liver Disease for 30 years, sometimes almost dying with pains in the back, breast, and heaviness of the chest, heart-burns (intensely), sick stomach, vomiting, &c. I procured a few bottles of the "Mass" for her, and very soon after she began the use of it, her health commenced to get better, and she continued steadily to improve, and at this writing, so old, seemingly in as good health as a person who had never been afflicted with these diseases. She attributes her cure entirely to the efficacy of the "Seven Springs Mass." I regard it one of the greatest family medicines we have access to, not only for such diseases as above indicated, but for various other complaints for which it is recommended. Hoping these answers satisfactory, I am, very truly, A. WADDILL, Proprietor Lynchburg News.

For sale by Wm. Simpson, Pescud, Lee & Co., and F. H. Heartt, Raleigh, N. C., and Druggists generally.
LANDRUM & LITCHFIELD,
Abingdon, Va.

False Impression.

It is generally supposed by physicians and the people generally that Dyspepsia cannot invariable be cured, but we are pleased to say that Green's August Flower has never, to our knowledge, failed to cure Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint in all its forms, such as Sour Stomach, Costiveness, Sick Headache, Palpitation of the Heart, Indigestion, bad taste in the mouth, &c. Out of the 50,000 dozen bottles sold last year, not a sidgle failure was reported, but thousands of complimentary letters received from Druggists of wonderful cures. Three doses will relieve any case. Try it. Sample battles 10 cents. Regular size 75 cents.

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretion of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, Free of Charge. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph T. Inman. Station D., New York City.

Great Reduction of Prices.

I propose to give, to the patrons of the Piedmont Nurseries, the benefit of the traveling agents' commissions on my Nursery Stock, consisting of Fruit Trees, &c., and have reduced the price 50 per cent. Apples and Peaches, first class, three to six feet; fine improved Fruits as are grown in North Carolina, and ready for inspection. Reference given to any Nurseryman in Guilford county. Peaches and Apples running from the earliest to the latest varieties. Trees will be packed in good strong boxes or bales, and delivered to Railroad Depots or Express Offices without any extra charge for boxes or delivery. I will furnish at the following low rate: Peaches and Apples in any quantity, improved fruit, 10 cents each. Pears, Plums, Apricots, Nectarines, Quince, Crab Apples, Figs, Cherries 33 cents. Ornamental Trees, Roses and Flowers will be sold cheaper than can be sold by any nursery in North Carolina. Cash to accompany the orders. Any one not having cash may fill out note, signed by purchaser, to be paid when trees are delivered at depot specified by purchaser. Note to accompany trees and paid when trees are delivered, purchasers pay all freights on same. Trees will be shipped in November and purchaser notified when to meet them. Persons ordering will state plainly where to ship. Name the depots. Letters of inquiry answered cheerfully. Orders solicited and satisfaction guaranteed. Send in orders at once.

Very Respectfully,
M. C. DIXON,
Proprietor of Piedmont Nurseries.

Wholesale Store.

Messrs. Latta & Myatt have on hand and to arrive—
300 sacks "L. & M." Family Flour.
500 " "98" " "
1,000 " "XX" " "
25 bbls. Patapsco and Orange Flour.
40 sacks N. C. Flour.
700 bushels corn.
900 " meal (Virginia bolted).
20,000 lbs. bulk C. R. sides.
2,000 " bacon and shoulders.
1,000 " canvassed and uncanvassed hams.
4000 lbs. N. C. hams and shoulders
40 bbls. new crop Cuba molasses.
35 " New Orleans "
35 " "Queen Bee" Syrup.
2,200 lbs. bucket, tub and tierce lard.
45 bags Rio Coffee.
20 bbl. "yellow" sugar.
15 " "A." and "C." sugar.
5 " Granulated "

All of which will be sold low. Send for samples and price list. Latta & Myatt, Wholesale Grocers.

Patapsco Family Flour

In ½ and 1 1-6 bbl. Sacks. For sale by W. H. Dodd.

L. R. Wyatt.

Has on hand and to arrive
22,000 lbs. C. R. Bulk side and shoulders.
1,000 bush. prime white corn.
200 bbs. family flour.
300 bush. Haxall Mills bolted meal.
50 sacks Marshall's Liverpool salt.
25 bbls. New Orleans molasses.
10 bbls. sugar house molasses.
20 bbls. sugar, from granulated down.
20 sacks coffee.
20,000 pounds prime Timothy hay.
Early Rose seed potatoes.

Orders filled promptly for seed sweet potatoes.

Above named goods bought right, and will be sold accordingly.

L. R. WYATT.
Wilmington St., opposite Market.

Cuttas

May be planted in May, June and July. For sale by W. H. Dodd

RALEIGH MARKETS.

Cotton Market:
Reported by PARKER & AVERA, Cotton Brokers.
RALEIGH, N. C., June 26, 1879.

Middling	11¼
Strict Low Middling	11⅛
Low Middling	11
Strict Good Ordinary	10½
Good Ordinary	10¼
Ordinary	
Middling Stains	10¾
Low Middling Stains	10¼
Good Ordinary Stains	

Tone of Market, dull and declining.

CITY MARKETS—Wholesale Prices.
Corrected by CHISTOPHER & SORRELL
Official Report of Grocers Exchange.
RALEIGH, N. C., June 26, 1879.

Flour, North Carolina	$5 75	@6 00
Chickens	15	@ 20
Corn	60	@ 65
Corn Meal	60	@ 62
Bacon, N. C. Hog round	7	@ 8
" " hams	9	@ 6
Bulk Meats, clear rib sides	5¾	@6 10
" " shoulders	5	@ 5½
North Carolina Pork	6	@ 7
Coffee, prime Rio	14	@ 15
" good	12	@ 13
Syrup, S. H.	25	@
Molasses, Cuba	33	@ 35
Salt, Liverpool	1 65	@1 70
Sugar, white	8½	@ 9
" yellow	7½	@
Irish potatoes	1 00	@1 25
" " North Carolina	50	@ 55
Sweet Potatoes (seed)	75	@ 80
Oats, shelled	45	@ 50
Peaches, peeled	8	per lb
" unpeeled	3	"
Apples, northern per bushel	$1 25	@1 50
" dried	3	@ 4
Cotton Ties, new	4½	@
" spliced	3½	@
Bagging	11	@ 12
Pork	5	@ 6
Peas, per bushel, white	85	@ 90
" " stock	85	@ 90
Eggs	12½	@ 15
Butter	17	@ 20
Beeswax	20	@ 22½
Rags—mixed	1¼	@
" cotton	1½	@
FURS—Otter		$5.00
Mink		75
Fox		90
Coon		35

Above are for large quantities. When mall quantities are wanted higher prices will be charged.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS

NEW YORK, June 27.—Money at 3½@4; Exchange 4.86@4.86½. Governments steady at 1.03¾. State bonds dull.

Cotton—not receipts — bales; gross —. Futures closed firm; sales 49,000 bales; June 12.45; July 12.45@12.46; August 12.55@12.56; September 12.35@12.36; October 11.88@—; November 11.09@11.10; December 11.02@—; January 11.13@11.15; February 11.24@11.25; March 8—@—.

Cotton nominal; sales 351 bales; middling uplands 12¾; middling Orleans 12 9-16; consolidated net receipts 91 bales; exports to Great Britain 4597 bales; to France 177 bales; to the Continent 299.

Flour quiet, strongly in buyers' favor; Southern flour dull; common to fair extra $4.75@5.60; good to choice $5.65@6.75. Wheat, heavy; ungraded winter red $1.12@1.18; No. 2, $1.19½@1.20½. Corn ungraded, 40@43½, active. Oats heavy; No. 3 nominal at 37½. Coffee active and unchanged; Rio, in full cargoes, 11¼@14½; in jobbing lots 12½@15. Sugar firm with fair trade for Cuba; Muscovado 6@6 8-16; fair to good refining, quoted at 6⅛@8-16; prime 6½@9-16; refined fair demand and firm. Molasses quiet, prices unchanged. Rice, fair request and quite firm. Tallow, fair trade and steady at 6¼@5-16. Rosin dull at $1.30@$1.35 for strained. Turpentine weak. Pork opened weak and closed firmer with moderate trade; mess, on spot, is quoted at $9.50 for old; $10.20@10.25 for new; July delivery $10.50; August $10.00@$10.25. Lard easy; prime steam, on spot, 6.37½@6.40. Whisky dull, $1.05½ bid; $1.05½ asked. Freights quiet.

BALTIMORE, June 27.—Oats steady; Southern 36@40; Western white 35@36; do. mixed 33@34; Pennsylvania 35@36½. Rye quiet at 58@60. Hay dull; prime to choice Pennsylvania and Maryland $12.00@$13.00 per ton. Provisions firm; mess pork $9.50@$10.75; bulk meats loose—shoulders 4¼; clear rib sides 5¼; packed 4¼@5½. Bacon—shoulders 5@—; clear rib sides 5½@6; hams 11@12. Lard, refined, in tierces 7. Butter quiet; prime to choice western packed 10@12; roll 10@12. Eggs steady at 12@—. Coffee quiet; Rio cargoes 11@14¼. Whisky dull $1.06½@1.07. Sugar 8⅛@83.

WILMINGTON, June 27.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25½. Rosin steady; strained $1.07½; good strained $1.12½. Crude turpentine steady; hard $1.00; yellow dip $1.60; virgin $2.10. Tar steady at 75. Corn quiet; prime white 56@57.

CINCINNATI, June 27.—Flour in good demand and a shade higher; for family $5.00@$6.00. Wheat stronger and in fair demand; red and white $1.00@$1.07. Corn quiet at 32½@38¼. Oats firm at 33@36. Pork quiet but firm at $10.25@$—. Lard quiet but firm; current make held at $—. Bulk meats stronger—shoulders held at $3.85, short rib sold at $4.85; cash sales $4.92; buyer June and seller July $4.92½@—; short clear held at $5.00. Bacon in good demand at full prices—shoulders $4.12½@$4.25; short rib $5.50; short clear rib $5.50@5.75. Whisky active and firm at $1.03. Butter steady and unchanged; Sugar steady and unchanged. Hogs active; packing, $3.80@4.00.

LIVERPOOL, June 27.—Noon—Cotton dull; middling uplands 6 14-16; midd'g Orleans 7; sales 4,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000 bales; receipts 2,050 bales, 1950 American. Futures—uplands and low middling clause for June and July delivery, 6 13-16; July and August, 6 15-16; August and September 6 26-62; September and October, 6 13-16; October and November 6¾.

Futures closed quiet and steady.

June 27.—Cotton—Middling, low middling, good ordinary: Galveston—dull at 12, 11¾ and 11¾ cents; net receipts 65 bales. Norfolk—quiet at 12¼ cents; net receipts 32 bales. Baltimore—dull at 12⅛, 12¼ and 11⅛ cents; net receipts — bales. Boston—dull at 12¼, 12¼ and 11⅞ cents; net receipts 54 bales. Wilmington—firm at 12, 11⅞ and 11 cents; net receipts 2 bales; Philadelphia—quiet at 12⅛, 12¼ and 11¼ cents; net receipts — bales. Savannah—quiet at 12, 11⅞ and 11⅞ cents; net receipts 49 bales. New Orleans—dull and easy at 12, 11⅞ and 11¼ cents; net receipts 310 bales. Mobile—quiet and steady at 12, 11⅞ and [illegible] cents; net receipts 159 bales.

Comparative Cotton Statements.

NEW YORK, June 27.

Net receipts at all U. S. ports during week,	4,872
Net receipts at all U. S. ports same week last year,	6,348
Total Receipts to this date,	4,408,954
" " same " last year,	4,200,384
Exports for the week,	13,883
" " same week last year,	16,070
Total exports to this date,	3,341,403
" " same date last year,	3,252,500
Stock at all U. S. ports,	193,057
Stock at all ports same date last year,	173,578
Stock at all interior towns,	14,760
" " " same date last year,	13,297
Stock at Liverpool,	491,000
" " same date last year,	818 000
Stock of American afloat for Great Britain,	51,000
Stock of American afloat for Great Britain same time last year.	84,000

New Advertisements.

A SPLENDID LINE
—OF—
WHITE GOODS!

A SATIN STRIPE
LACE PIQUE,
Very Cheap and Pretty.

MULL MUSLIN.
SCOTCH SOFT FINISH
WHITE LAWNS, VICTORIA LAWNS, LINEN LAWNS.

JACONET CAMBRICS.
Piques, Figured, Striped and Checked,
ALL PRICES.

Yeargan, Petty and Jones.
AGENTS FOR
Clark's Mile End Spool Cotton.
june 28-tf.

W. C. & A. B. Stronach,
June 28, 1879.

Have to-day in Store the finest line of Chewing tobacco they have ever exhibited, among them the celebrated "Gravely, "Parragon" and "Pike's Peak" brands; in navies "Jackson's Best and Templar brands" stand first.

Cigars.
We honestly think "Dead Shot" the best 5 cent we have ever handled, though we have others at same price which are preferred by some of our customers.

FLIES AND MOSQUITOS.
Being greatly troubled with these pests, at solicitation of manufacturers we tried a small lot of insect Powders and finding them so good have taken the agency for the city. By use of these Powders all insect life is destroyed in your room in twenty minutes; positively harmless to human beings. Every bottle guaranteed as represented.

600 bushels Bran and Ship Stuff.
50 packages Roe and Cut Herrings.
4000 lbs. Southampton and Sugar Cured Hams.
500 " Gilt Edge Butter.

Fresh Oranges, Lemons, Cocoanuts, Dates and Bananas.

Commission Merchants.

We solicit consignments of Cotton, Grain, Meal and Flour, and gurantee highest market price.
W. C. & A. B. STRONACH.
June 28-tf

Select Boarding & Day School,

Hillsboro, N. C.

The forty-first session of the Misses Nash and Miss Kollock's school will open 25th July, 1879, and close 11th December (20 weeks). Sig D'Anna, the fine pianist and instructor, who has been so eminently successful in the cultivation of the voice will continue connected with the school. Circulars on application.
June 28-d2tw1m.

Groceries.

WISSLER'S
LOCKVILLE FAMILY.

People who eat this flour will live longer, make more money, wear better clothes, pay their pew and house rent and go to church more regularly, and keep a larger bank account than any other class of men. Forty more sacks just received by

W. C. McMackin.
Ju 27-dtf

Medical.

ONE OF THE MOST IMPORTANT DISCOVERIES

of the nineteenth century, and one that takes equal rank with the invention of the telephone, the electric light and other scientific marvels of the age, is that of

Henry's Carbolic Salve.

This Compound possesses the most remarkable Healing Properties of any known agent employed for the purpose of curing

SORES, WOUNDS, CUTS, BRUISES,

Inflamed and abraded surfaces, and for

ALL SKIN DISEASES.

Its cleansing properties remove all impurities that hinder the formation of healthy flesh, and the work of cure goes on to completion with most **Wonderful Rapidity.** Let no family be without a box of it in the house. Physicians extol its virtues; and the thousands who have used it unite in recommending it Beware of Counterfeits.

Ask for Henry's Carbolic Salve, and take no Other.

JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO.,
Sole Proprietors,
8 COLLEGE PLACE, NEW YORK.
d&w1w1amly

Educational.

YADKIN COLLEGE

A LIVE SCHOOL FULLY IN EARNEST.

The health and morality of the village good. Next term opens Aug. 11th. Board only $8.25 per month. Tuition $12.50 to $20 per term.

The following gentlemen will accept our thanks for the privilege of publishing these references:

President S. Simpson graduated from Trinity College in 1875. He is a thorough scholar, elegant in general culture, and a good teacher.
B. CRAVEN,
Pres. Trinity College.

Rev. S. Simpson, A. M., was a student of Trinity College at the time I held the chair of Natural Sciences in the Institution. He made good advancements in the subjects in the Department I directed. His bearing was always dignified and courteous; and his reputation of the first character.
WILL C DOUB,
Pres Louisburg Female College,
Louisburg, N C

I consider the Rev S Simpson, President of Yadkin College a gentleman of fine attainments, a good disciplinarian and an energetic and accurate instructor. I warmly recommend him to the public confidence and patronage.
W. T. CANNAWAY,
Prof. of Latin and History,
Trinity College, N C

It affords me pleasure to state that Rev S Simpson, A M, Pres of Yadkin College, N C, is a regular graduate of Trinity College, N C, having completed in addition to the other Departments of our curriculum, a full course in Greek and French, with the unanimous approval of the Faculty, and having also taken a partial course in German. I have no hesitancy in recommending him as fully competent to teach successfully all the above mentioned branches.
O. W. CARR,
Prof Greek and Modern Languages,
Trinity College, N C

PRESIDENT:
* * * * I am under lasting obligations to you for the earnest efforts you made to teach the great principles of business and prosperity. The more I do in life, the more I recognize the benefit of your teaching. *
LEE RAMSEY, A M

REV S SIMPSON, A M:
* * * * I sincerely thank you. You taught me